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SATURDAY, JANUARY 6, 1923.—24 PAGES THIS PAPER CONSISTS OF TWO SECTIONS—SECTION ONE.

** PRICE TWO CENTS

IN CHICAGO AND SUBURBS; THREE CENTS ELSEWHERE

Damages

FRENCH PLANES SCOUT RUHR

U. S. MEN FIGHT DISARM ORDER AT KLAN TRIAL

Deprived of Guns as Klux Keep Theirs.

BY ROBERT LEE.

(Pictures on back page.)

(Copyright 1923: By The Chicago Tribune.)
Bastrop, La., Jan. 5.—[Special.]
Today, in its famed public hearing called to expose to the people the evidence of the Ku Klux Klan murders, the state established the identities of the bodies of Watt Daniel and Thomas F. Richards.

Tomorrow it is proposed to carry out the program arranged for today; to show by the testimony of two eminent pathologists the extremes to which the murderers went in mutilating and torturing their victims. This will be the basis for prosecution.

Order ruled today. It was the kind of order that can be enforced when two factions meet under the benevolent protection of a third.

Extremes Face Each Other.

Kluxmen of the Bastrop section wereullen, ridiculing the legal process instituted by Gov. Parker. The Mer Rouge men, eager for justice, but fearful of its possible failure, were quiet, watchful, and ready to go.

The first act of Judge Odom neatly slipped off the chance for hostilities. He delivered a kindly, reassuring address to the public, full of remonstrances against talk of unrest and of promises for the enforcement of law.

He said that, while he did not believe it was necessary to send troops into Morehouse parish, the troops are here and if occasion arises they will be used to keep order.

Threat of Martial Law.

That there have been preparations for martial law and that these preparations still are in force was admitted before the judge. He would not deny that martial law had not been considered and he said he hoped the people would avoid the acts that inevitably and immediately would invite martial law.

Judge Odom crowned his effort at pacification by directing Sheriff Carpenter to search every man for weapons.

This order applied even to the secret service agents, and complaints were forwarded to Washington later demanding that an explanation be asked for the peremptory order disarming operatives of the department of justice in a public hearing.

Call It Plan to Help Klan.

Chief A. E. Farland of the squad which has produced the state's evidence to be used in the prosecution declared later that the action of the sheriff and his deputies in disarming government agents smacked of a plan to prevent the appearance of these men in the presentation of material evidence.

The protest was inspired by the activity of Sheriff Carpenter in carrying out the disarming order of the judge.

Chief Farland was required to leave his pistol in the sheriff's office when he went into the courtroom to take the witness stand.

Ex-Ranger Keeps His Gun.

James Hudelson, a former Texas ranger, now a federal agent, passed into court with two guns. Later on he was told by Sheriff Carpenter that Chief Farland wanted to see him in the lower corridor. When Hudelson and he found no one. When he tried to re-enter the courtroom he was told that he must leave his guns outside. Hudelson declined to enter.

"It is plain that our work is going to be obstructed in this hearing," another federal agent said. "This whole case has been worked up by government men at the request of Gov. Parker. It is necessary that we be in the courtroom to assist the attorney in bringing out testimony and reviewing their memories by our notes.

"It is a certainty that we will not enter that courtroom, filled with hostile men, without our guns. The court officials know this. The order against us was for our benefit."

Complain to W. J. Burns.

Farland immediately prepared a complaint to W. J. Burns, chief of the bureau of investigation of the department of justice. This will recite the charges under which the squad of men operatives are working and the claim that the exist of the complete breakdown of the prosecution.

It was generally understood the noon recess had been taken in order to afford the Morehouse men an opportunity of laying aside their weapons. The protest evidently was produced because the afternoon session brought many more spectators than the morning session.

Conspicuous in the early morning was Capt. J. K. Shipwit, the cyclops of (Continued on page 4, column 2)

NEWS SUMMARY

FOREIGN.

French airmen swoop over unoccupied sections of Germany as army on Rhine prepares to advance. Page 1.

Ailes will try to push Turkish peace conference to completion during the next week. Page 2.

Prince of Wales expected to marry Scottish girl, despite denials. Page 2.

London awaits action by France before maturing Rhine policy. Page 4.

Tribune correspondent visits the leading industrial center of Russia and finds an efficient factory. Page 7.

WASHINGTON.

Resolution requesting President Harding to withdraw American troops from Germany introduced by Senator Reed (Dem., Mo.). Page 1.

United States will not take initiative toward new effort to fix German reparations, President Harding believing European situation is one in which reparations commission would have no power. Page 2.

Resolution requesting President Harding to begin negotiations with Great Britain and France for cession of their West Indian possessions. Page 2.

Principle of the open shop held a conspiracy under the Clayton act in Daugherty ruling. Page 3.

Great increase in child labor since last May, when child labor law was declared illegal, urged in support of constitutional amendment. Page 3.

DOMESTIC.

Secret service men complain to Washington when judge at Klan hearing in Louisiana orders them, as well as others, disarmed; identification of mob's victims established. Page 1.

Mrs. Anna U. Stillman asks \$120,000 a year alimony; claims James A. Stillman's gifts to "Flo" total \$50,000. Page 3.

American Legion buddies of Watt Daniel, slain by the K. K. K., defend his character as good soldier and man. Page 5.

Famous Stokes love and murder case of 19 years ago recalled. Page 7.

Young woman who took poison by mistake dies in spite of transplanting of a sheep's kidney in body. Page 7.

Thirteen defense witnesses at Herrin trial say they saw none of the defendants on day of massacre. Page 8.

LOCAL.

Delegates for 15,000 Legion members in county pass resolution for return of troops from Rhine. Page 1.

Health Commission: Bundesen, for opposing sale of contagious disease poison, is criticized by city hall chiefs and may be ousted. Page 1.

Woman who refuses heat to her tenants sent to jail. Page 1.

City hall ring, getting all possible out of old Thompson club, prepares to organize new one. Page 2.

So-called "vice lords" flee from city to avoid questioning by grand jury on money paid for protection. Page 2.

These press agents are also felons," said the federal agents, "but with five persons coming in, we'll make a thorough investigation." Page 5.

Husband fails her, she writes; takes poison

Mrs. Marion Burger, 25, was found in front of 4802 Cottage Grove avenue early yesterday, suffering from poison administered, a farewell letter in her hand said, because her husband, Joseph Burger, had failed her and "life no longer is worth living." She was taken to her home, 4164 Drexel boulevard, where it is believed she will recover.

The letter also asked that her aunt, Mrs. Charles A. Roland, 21 Scott street, be notified.

I am so tired living and I have caused so much sorrow I am better off dead," said the letter. "God bless my baby boy, my husband and my aunt and my father. When my husband and I leave, failed me there was nothing else. This may seem like cowardice, but I am tired of life, so please forgive me."

EDITIONALS.

Bring Our Soldiers Home; The Broom and Aft; The Gateway American; The Anglo-French French; No More Buildings in the Park; Blue Blood and Red. Page 4.

MARKETS.

Financial markets rise, showing Wall street quickly recovers from news of Paris deadlock. Page 17.

Current of trade flowing strong, with bright outlook, is tenor of reports of business and industry. Page 16.

Grain markets opening down show sharp upturn when buying forces short covering. Net gains: Wheat, 50¢ per cent; corn, 40¢ per cent; oats, 40¢ per cent; rye, 15¢ cents. Page 18.

SOME ANGLES OF THE REPARATIONS CRISIS

[Copyright, 1923: By The Chicago Tribune.]



The parting of the ways.



No Man's Land.



The only two who don't seem excited.

'VENDETTA' TELLS 5 OPERA STARS TO GIVE UP \$50,000

May be the open press agent could add a few details, and maybe it's a bit overboard, but, at any rate, a United States postal inspector is investigating complaints from five of the Chicago Civic Opera company that they received Black Hand letters yesterday demanding \$10,000 each, under penalty of death.

First Tito Schipa, tenor, walked into the federal building with a letter decorated with numerous black hands. Then along came Giorgio Crimi, tenor, and Giacomo Rilimi and Cesare Formichi, baritones. Each had a \$10,000 demand, ornamented with crudely drawn black hands.

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Page 12.

SPORTING.

War declared between New York Yankees and Giants over conflicting Sunday playing dates in Gotham next season.

Intermediate event in annual Tumans Silver Skates Derby draws many additional entries. Page 18.

New basketball rules to provide more interesting game for spectators during season which opens tonight. Page 11.

William Tilden II, 18, old-time class in first match since amputation of finger played at Drake hotel last night; defeats Francis Hunter. Page 11.

Northwestern students in near riot following decision in heavyweight wrestling match which gave Illinois a 17 to 10 victory over Purple. Page 11.

EDITORIALS.

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Words to Dispose of Estate of Many Millions

Rockland, Me., Jan. 5.—The will of George Warren Smith, died today, disposing of an estate estimated at between \$50,000,000 and \$100,000,000, contains less than fifty words.

When some of the details of the conference became known, the commissioner amplified this statement.

"You can say that as long as I am commissioner of health I will continue to run this department in the interests of the public health."

But some of the charges of political corruption hurled at Dr. Bundesen

DR. BUNDESEN MAY BE OUSTED

Refuses to O. K. Sale of Hospital Land.

Mayor Thompson's cabinet was split wide open yesterday by the attempt of a public utility corporation, reported to be the Commonwealth Edison company, to purchase nearly two blocks of city property on which the Lawndale hospital stands at 31st street and Lawndale avenue.

As one result of the attempts of two members of the mayor's cabinet to engage the land's sale to a corporation which is said to have been fortunate in receiving favors from Lundin-Thompson hands, Health Commissioner Herman N. Bundesen's job is in jeopardy.

Bundesen Opposes Sale.

Refusal of Bundesen to stand for the sale of the property is said to have been the last straw," in so far as his standing with the city administration is concerned.

As a result of his refusal to recommend to the city council that the property be sold, he was jerked before an impromptu political court martial yesterday. The summary session was convened in the office of George F. Harding, who acted as "judge" and prosecutor at once. Corporation Counsel Elthelton, Daniel J. Schuyler, formerly one of Mr. Elthelton's law partners, and a fourth person were present when Bundesen walked into the conference.

Really Agent Present.

Attorney Schuyler, it was stated, is counsel for the utility corporation which is in dire need of the two blocks of land. The fourth member of the improved court is reported to have been the real estate agent of the utility company.

What went on behind the doors of Mr. Harding's office neither the "judges" nor the "defendant" would describe.

Mr. Elthelton later said: "A private matter" was discussed; Mr. Harding simply asserted that "nothing concerning city hall or political affairs" was taken up, and Dr. Bundesen declared he had "no comment to make."

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"You can say that as long as I am commissioner of health I will continue to run this department in the interests of the public health."

But some of the charges of political

THE WEATHER

SATURDAY, JANUARY 6, 1923.

SUNRISE, 7:18; SUNSET, 4:34; MOON RISE AT

TRIBUNE BAROMETER.

CLOUDY FAIR STORMY WINDY

WIND SPEED, 10 MILES AN HOUR

TEMPERATURES IN CHICAGO

MAXIMUM, 2 P. M. 36

MINIMUM, 5 A. M. 23

3 A. M. 27 NOON 29 8 P. M. 29

4 A. M. 26 9 A. M. 25 10 P. M. 29

5 A. M. 27 10 A. M. 30 11 P. M. 30

6 A. M. 27 11 A. M. 30 12 P. M.

brought to acquaint Premier Mussolini with the details of the new French plan and MM. Theunis and Jasper returned to Brussels to acquaint the Belgian government with the revised proposal.

From the principal Italian and Belgian delegates it was learned that neither the Rome nor the Brussels government is committed to any military measures.

"The Italian government will continue to support the British and French governments as has been successfully done in the past over other agreements," the Italian delegate said.

Up to British Cabinet.

"We have not committed Belgium to any military operations or participation in the seizure of 'sanctions.' Premier Theunis of Belgium said, 'We advocated discussion of the French plan as the British clearly was unacceptable, but we expected the discussion to prove the need for bringing the two ideas together.'

Sir John Bradbury states that the Bonar Law cabinet will decide how far the British government will withdraw from the reparations tangle. Temporarily Sir John will continue sitting on the commission.

The French government has the possibility of reaching an understanding with the British through the mediation of Italy and Belgium, but they are fearful that the United States may place them in a delicate situation through a pronouncement that it share England's viewpoints.

GERMANS STAND PAT

By LARRY RUE.
(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)

BERLIN, Jan. 5.—Although still hoping for American intervention to prevent the French from enforcing sanctions, the German government is determined to go on in trying to sign an agreement which it can fulfill. This, although unofficially, was admitted in private conversations with members of the ministry, and it is said that this is the attitude of Chancellor Cuno.

Germany is waiting for the French decision to take any other steps, but it is understood that if France carries out its threats of taking military actions the government will appeal to all the people to put up a solid front of protest.

Seal Violation of Treaty.

The government also interprets the Versailles treaty as allowing sanctions only by a unanimous vote by the reparations commission.

The newspapers are pessimistic. The Vossische Zeitung says it is hopeless to believe that the lawyer will conquer the politician in Premier Poincaré, while the Voraerwaer remarks that Jan. 15 is so near that the French and Belgians will not change their minds before then.

The Tagesschau asserts the situation is as it was in May, 1921, "when France first mentioned sanctions, using them as a pretext not for getting reparations but for ruling Germany."

FRANCE'S IDEA OF GERMAN PLAN FOR 4 POWER PACT

Washington, D. C., Jan. 5.—(Special)—Ambassador Jusserand was closeted with Secretary of State Hughes this evening and it is understood he has conveyed to Mr. Hughes a memorandum stating that it is the belief of the French government that the most effective in proposing a "sanction" pact for a thirty year period was to secure the evacuation of the Rhineland without the payment of reparations.

The official French version of the motives inspiring the proposal was vancored by the French government for a secret pact between Germany, Italy, France, and Great Britain, and which it is believed was transmitted to Secretary Hughes by Ambassador Jusserand, follows:

1. Germany's object in making the proposal was to get the French to evacuate the left bank of the Rhine before the Germans had fulfilled their reparations obligations.

2. That it is absurd to pretend that before entering the League of Nations Germany is not subject to all of the clauses of the Versailles treaty.

3. That the proposition for non-aggression against France, Italy, and Great Britain would leave the Germans entirely free to attack the smaller allies of France, notably Poland and Czechoslovakia.

LIBERALIZING OF DEBT REFUNDING ACT IS SOUGHT

Washington, D. C., Jan. 5.—(Special)—Administration leaders, it was learned today, have begun sounding out congress on the chance of passing new legislation liberalizing the debt refunding act.

The administration would like to be freed of some of the limitations imposed upon it by congress in the conduct of the refunding negotiations, but whether it will deem it advisable to press such an amendment at this time remains to be seen.

The British debt commission, which is to negotiate funding of the British \$4,746,000,000 debt with such an authority to consummate an agreement, Stanley Baldwin, head of the commission, said today. The problem to be considered, he said, was comparatively simple and he thought two weeks would be ample for the negotiations.

CORONER ORDERS BODY OF WOMAN TO BE EXHUMED

Following investigation, questioning of witnesses, and receipt of an anonymous letter, Coroner Oscar Wolf yesterday ordered that the body of Mrs. Emma Brox, 35 years old, 6515 West 26th place, Berwyn, be exhumed at Bohemian National cemetery at 10 o'clock this morning.

Deputy Coroner Charles F. Kennedy will be in charge of the exhumation, and Coroner's Physician, William H. Hartman, will conduct a post mortem examination.

Mrs. Brox died a week ago of spinal meningitis, according to the death certificate. Her husband, Jacob Brox, yesterday gave the coroner permission to exhum the body. He stated he is anxious to have any question concerning her death cleared up.

BRITISH-FRENCH SMASHUP MAKES U. S. STAND EASY

Good Time to Keep Hands Off Reparations.

By ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 5.—(Special)—The United States will not take the initiative toward a new effort to solve the German reparations problem nor will it assume membership in the reparations commission as matters now stand in Europe.

Unless France speedily modifies the attitude which led to the collapse of the premiers' conference and evinces a disposition to reopen the negotiations for a peaceful settlement of the controversy the Robinson resolution providing for American representation on the reparations commission will be shelved in the senate.

That President Harding is not in favor of the adoption of the Robinson resolution under the circumstances created by the break in Paris was disclosed at the White House following the meeting of the cabinet. Mr. Harding does not consider the Robinson resolution important now, for the reason that the situation in Europe today is entirely different from the situation with which the reparations commission was created to deal.

U. S. Couldn't Serve If There.

The work of the reparations commission is to fix indemnities and settle the debts of Germany. The question at issue now, over which the Paris break occurred, concerns the French plans to seize German properties to satisfy reparations. That is a question beyond the jurisdiction of the reparations commission and the President does not see that the United States should be a party to or have a seat on the reparations commission or American representation thereon or possibly be of service.

According to the White House, there was no actual meeting of the cabinet today, none of the members having any business to present. Secretary of State Hughes did not bring up the international situation, he and the members of the commission are working on formal representations to the allies concerning the reparations question. They held that if America is to aid Europe to achieve a settlement Europe must invite the United States to sit in.

Economic Life in Abeyance.

The administration has suggested the creation of a commission of financiers and economic experts to review the reparations plan and make recommendations as to the amount of the indemnities and the methods of payment. That plan is before the French government and the other allies and if they want to adopt it, it is up to them to so inform the United States, in the opinion of the administration.

It is reported that holding that a more aggressive course to influence Europe should be adopted. He was largely responsible for the incubation of the expert commission plan which is favored by Mr. J. P. Morgan and other financiers reported to result in German Germany \$1,900,000,000 provided the reparations question is settled.

The foreign relations committee, at a meeting today, delegated the chairman, Senator Lodge (Rep., Mass.), to confer with Secretary of State Hughes and obtain his views as to the Robinson resolution.

Irreconcilable letters have been received by the administration from the French, which states the Robinson resolution they would not hesitate to launch a filibuster against it and kill it by obstruction until March 4. Party leaders, realizing the confusion that would result from an effort to put through the Robinson resolution, are urging the administration to take a stand and stand against action on it at this time.

Senator Watson (Rep., Ind.) informed the President that not only would an attempt to pass the Robinson resolution jeopardize the legislative program but would also split the party wide open.

Unless the administration clearly indicates its desire for adoption of the Robinson resolution, the prospects are that it would not emerge from the foreign relations committee soon. Senator Lodge is said to be opposed to it; all of the irreconcilables on the committee are against it; and several Democrats are said to question its advisability at this time.

ATTORNEY ENDS HOLDUP ORGY; WOUNDS BANDIT

Three bandits committed three south side holdups in about an hour last night, but ended their evening of crime when Stewart McDonald, an attorney living at 4547 Ellis avenue, emptied his pistol at them, apparently wounding one.

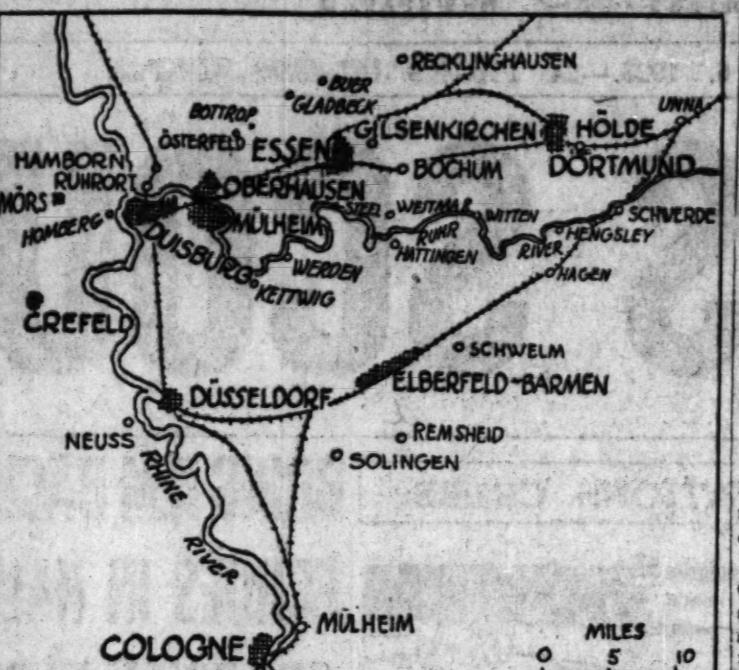
Driving a black touring car, believed to have been stolen from Mrs. Rose Chinaberger, 1223 East 57th street, the bandits first held up a man at 6129 Vernon street, but fled when they heard a shot fired near by.

S. W. Ashbrook, 4437 Berkley avenue, the third victim, The bandits stopped Mr. and Mrs. Ward Grey, 222 Beiden avenue, as they were walking along the 4700 Ellis avenue block. McDonald, seeing the holdup, rushed out of his home and started shooting. One of the men staggered, but managed to reach the machine and the trio escaped.

OCEAN SHIPMENT MOVEMENTS.
Arrived. Port.
PERU New York
MOUNTAIN CLAY Hamburg
MINNEAPOLIS Hamburg
ASTORIA Port
MONGOLIA Hamburg
COCOA Southampton
PAN-AMERICAN Buenos Aires

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FOCUS OF ACTION IN RUHR



BRITISH ARMY ON RHINE MAY BE ORDERED HOME

England Watches Next Move of France.

By JOHN STEELE.

(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)
(Copyright, 1923, by The Chicago Tribune.)
LONDON, Jan. 5.—Prime Minister Bonar Law and his party arrived in London tonight. The prime minister refused to discuss the Paris conference.

"The next step is with France. We can only wait and see what she does," said a British diplomat today, when asked about the developments in the reparation crisis. "I am afraid France must be shown. She has refused to be told. Perhaps when she finds herself without money and the franc is down, she will then take a different view, but until then I am afraid all Europe is in for a bad time."

It was announced today that a cabinet meeting is unlikely before next week. In the first place there is little to discuss until France discloses her hand, and secondly, most of the members of the cabinet are on the continent or in London for a few days.

There is talk of summoning parliament at an earlier date if France invades the Ruhr, and securing its backing for the withdrawal of the British troops from the Rhine. There is also talk about such a course being approved by parliament, as British public opinion is thoroughly tired of maintaining the Rhine army.

It is amusing to note the tone of the British press. Liberal papers all praise Prime Minister Bonar Law for his firmness in resisting the French demands, while of the Tory papers, the Daily Mail is the only one which is not so enthusiastic.

Miss Morrell, arrested and taken to the Harrison annex, admitted Curtin's paternity of the children, saying they had lived together virtually as man and wife for twelve years.

Mr. Curtin, in his home in Austin, and his husband, had told her he would gladly give her a divorce if he cause him to devote his life to making a home for Miss Morrell and their children.

The children, Kathleen Jr., 10; Stanley, 8; Janet, 6; Alice, 4, and Ross, 2, were taken to the juvenile detention home.

Curtin could not be located by police last night. He relinquished active management of the coal company some time ago to his son Dorian, 21.

Air Mail Pilot Drops 10,000 Feet; Slightly Hurt

Salt Lake City, Utah, Jan. 5.—Pilot Henry G. Boonstra of the western division of the United States airmail service fell about 10,000 feet with his airplane near Wanship, Utah, yesterday, and was slightly injured.

He was flying at 10,000 feet when he sighted a single art transaction ever made in this city.

The children are of the Virgin Islands.

The representations of the British and American agents were filed Sunday.

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U. S. MEN FIGHT ORDER TO DISARM AT KLAN HEARING

Deprived of Guns as Klux Are Lightly Searched.

(Continued from first page.)

Morehouse parish. Old Skip studiously avoided the courtroom. Eyes were strained from time to time by nearly every one in the room for possible view of the old river boat captain who has been dominating this inland parish for the last year. But the straining of eyes were wasted. The captain exposed himself to view for a time in the morning, but presently disappeared.

To the withdrawal of St. Clair Adams from the prosecution is attributed the change in the organization, which originally included the arrest of Skipwith on Thursday or today. Under the new plans the arrest of the cyclops will take place after the hearing has established in the public mind the overwhelming weight of the evidence. Sunday has suggested many reasons for the probable timing of the cyclops' arrival.

With full knowledge of these plans, however, Skipwith continues to regard the whole affair as of little consequence beyond a reflection on the honor of Louisiana.

All Warrants Held Up.

All warrants, naming between thirty and fifty persons, have been withheld. But the preparations for serving them have not been withdrawn.

The thrill of the session today was the production by the state of the watch book which it underlined with a mark of the body of Watt Daniel. It opened the way for the evidence that is to be offered to show that Daniel and Richards were subjected to torture in an inquisitorial machine which crushed them slowly to death after their limbs had been hewed off.

RISE EARLY BUT LEISURELY

Morehouse parish people are early risers. They are earlier today. There is the thrill of carnival in the air. But it doesn't accelerate much. Leisure is a fundamental urge in Louisiana. But there is an encouraging ratio of drivers getting into high gear in the main streets of New Orleans. And on the plantations roundabout. Little caravans trundle through the forests and swamps. The roads are deep with mud.

Bastrop is up and doing. Not much interest in the proceedings, however. Many klansmen in Bastrop. They are a stern, forbidding force as a reflection upon the community pride. They stand about the streets and distribute broad glances upon these evidences of bayonet control.

Here's Your Hot Dog, Gents!

At the entrance to the public square is a hot dog merchant. Thrift presses on amid the trappings of tragedy. It is said a Greek market provided dates while the streets of New Orleans were determining the document of Cartagena. One doesn't eat course dinners in the middle of drama. Here's hot dogs.

This line of thin citizens are idling about the sidewalks. They glance at the clock in the courthouse tower. In a little while they glance again. The mind is bound to find only five spaces. The time drags.

Col. Guerre, commander of the troops in Morehouse parish, halls a friend.

Capt. Skipwith, exalted cyclops, marches stoutly past. His cigar projects at a grim angle. Is that a chip on his shoulder?

No. Lint!

He brushes elbows; marches in a straight line—get out of the way or be run down by the cyclops. This is his town; his day. Determined old fire eater.

The Sheriff: He's All Right.

The clock is striking. People move toward the courthouse steps. Sheriff Fred Carpenter, wide hat and boots, stands on the steps.

"Fine fellow, Fred," says one who knows. "He ain't afraid of nothing. He's got the guts of a lion. He belongs to the klan, but he tries to be square."

A quiver of drama now. W. C. Andrews is approaching. He is built like a middleweight. He will have a story to tell. The masks got him on Aug. 24. He knows what it is to be stripped in the hooded darkness, to be beaten, cut, cut, and the fog through the air.

It was Andrews who told the executioners, "I expect you will," when they told him they were going to hang him. Then he pressed his lips to gether and hung on.

Andrews doesn't say much, but he thinks a lot. Beside him walks Jim

ASKS HEART BALM



(TRIBUNE PHOTO)
MISS MARY HANSEN.

After five hours deliberation, the jury which heard the \$10,000 heart balm suit of Miss Mary L. Hansen, 1130 North Parkside avenue, against Fred L. Jahnke, 833 North Karlov avenue, arrived at a verdict late night and was discharged until this morning, when the finding was read by Judge Edward Mangan. Jahnke, according to Miss Hansen, climaxed a five year courtship of her by marrying Miss Minnie Walker on the day Miss Hansen had set for her own marriage.

Huddleston, Jim, neatest fellow in the world, they tell you. Smiles all the time, has a twinkle in his eye. In his hands is a gun that works when he takes it to it.

Also there is Earl Andrews, brother of W. C.

Then, coming slowly behind, limping slightly on his gold headed cane, is old J. L. Daniel. Tired old man. He, too, remembers the crucifixion of Jesus. The bones of the hands fell on him. He could have taken the wooden laces to have Watt with him now.

"I am old," he says. "I haven't much farther to go. Watt could have lived his life out if they had taken me." Old Mr. Daniel doesn't smile. His eyes are ahead of him. He hasn't smiled since Aug. 24, they will tell you.

Don't Tell "Toot About This."

He is dressed up. Ordinarily he wears a sweater and a coat. Today a blue suit snugly outlines his lithe, boyish figure. He skips across the street with the grace and agility of a Greek dancer. If he finds out that he is compared to a Greek dancer he will Fashions change.

These are the three survivors of that August day when Americans seized Americans and whipped them and murdered them.

Those who thought America's laws were whipped him. He was superceding law whipping and killing them.

Old Cap Skipwith approaches the courtroom: enters. He doesn't enter the courtroom: stays downstairs. The courtroom is filling now. Enters Attorney General Adolph Vernon Coco. Fine big figure is Adolph; bulks large in the double doors.

WHY HE'S NAMED "COCO"

Strange name, Coco. It causes wonder. His grandfather's name was Baldinado. He sold coconuts down the Mississippi to the ships that came. Baldinado was too long for the brigus sailors. "Coco" is good enough, says the captain.

This is the name he carries it with pride. It smacks of tradition. Tradition lives and obeys the laws. The blustering newcomer ignores laws.

With the attorney general come his staff. Seth Guion and Semmes Coco.

Guion and former Senator Howard B. Keeler. Coco, a thoughtful, determined man, Walmaley, big, young, hearty, ambitious, and scrappy; very frank, very talkative, too.

Now the judge takes his place. Frederick L. Odum is his name. Morehouse parish approves him. In Mer Rouge as well as Bastrop he is regarded as a man of fairness. He is not frightened by talk and whispers.

Louisiana Faces Curious World.

There is a rap of the sheriff's gavel. The great public hearing to investigate the Louisiana klan.

Andrews and Guion. Only a few women press in. Up north women break all the usages to hear salacious and

shocking recitations. In the south women adhere to quaint, old fashioned conventions. Too bad they are so old fashioned.

Now the hearing is on. The Judge is to speak. He addresses his remarks to Sheriff Carpenter as if unaware of the crowded courtroom. But all in the room hear him. He has not prepared his remarks. This is apparent from their lack of arrangement. He speaks of the conduct of the troops going to another subject, returns to the topic of another, disposes of another matter, and comes back to the troops.

"You will see to it that no one stands in the courtroom," runs his remarks to Sheriff Carpenter. "Admit enough people to fill the seats; then close the doors. There must be no smoking nor talking nor expressions of approval or disapproval. The court must be in perfect order.

"I think there is no cause to apprehend danger. But we are going to avoid any appearance of trouble by making everybody feel safe.

"Hereafter, Mr. Sheriff, I want you to see that every man who enters this room is dressed. Have help with you when the finding is read by Judge Edward Mangan. Jahnke, according to Miss Hansen, climaxed a five year courtship of her by marrying Miss Minnie Walker on the day Miss Hansen had set for her own marriage.

"Will Use Troops If Needed."

"But, inasmuch as the troops are here, I want to make it plain that they are subject to the orders of this court; they are a branch of the civil authority. There has been no occasion to use troops, but I shall not hesitate to use them if the occasion does arise."

"There must be no tampering with witnesses. If it is reported to me that there has been the slightest interference with witnesses, I shall immediately issue warrants. I ask that I be informed of any attempt at violence against me."

"Every possible aid will be extended to the state in the prosecution of this investigation of the alleged murders."

And then the Judge says that "on the request of Attorney General Coco there will be an adjournment taken until 2 o'clock."

"I am old," he says. "I haven't much farther to go. Watt could have lived his life out if they had taken me."

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"You say," says the attorney general, "that the bodies of Daniel and Richards were found in Mer Rouge." "Yes, sir. I know Daniel perfectly by the remnants of the clothing I saw him wear on the day of the murder. I knew Richards by the shape of his body. I knew Richards because I often had work done by him in the garage at Mer Rouge."

And the remainder of Mr. Nettles' testimony is devoted to the technicalities of his craft.

Some questioning now on the method of dynamite. In the surface of the lake.

"Some dynamite is used by the men," says Mr. Nettles. "I was in the water to make the record of the day in which the bodies were found. Nettles simmers a little and says if the gentlemen don't mind he'd rather not expose the secret of his bait."

The spectators giggle; the point is not pressed.

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AID FOR KU KLUX FIREMEN TRACED TO ALD. GARNER

Fear Thompson Move to End Klan Inquiry.

pieces! like finding them in pockets of our men's and overcoats! substantial reductions the previous fairly prices. Several hundred down to \$0 and \$55.

SON & BROTHERS
Singers Peel Clothes
Michigan Boulevard
Washington St.)

rise in The Tribune

John P. Garner, Thompson-Lund committee man in the new Thirty-seventh ward, was named yesterday as the "powerful influence" back of the order which lifted the punishment on two firemen for alleged affiliation with the Ku Klux Klan.

It is not denied that Ald. Garner personally appealed to both Fire Marshall Arthur R. Seyefert and Fire Commissioner John F. Cullerton in behalf of the two men, Capt. William H. Egan, Fireman Joseph Gozdilic, and it is believed that it was he who carried the order from "the fifth floor" which caused the reassignment of the firemen.

Fearred Death, He Claims.

Bind said he feared he would be killed if forced to work in the heart of the Ghetto, where his first transfer took him. In the other case, Garner is a friend of Gozdilic.

The difference between Ald. Garner, one of the strongest city hall men and personally close to Mayor Thompson, and the inquiry caused considerable discussion among anti-kluxers in the hall.

"Do you think that the administration is trying to squelch the Ku Klux Klan investigation?" was the question asked by Ald. Robert J. Mulcahy, chairman of the council subcommittee, which is investigating the spread of Klanism among city employees, and when he failed to get an answer he promised to make a thorough investigation.

Witnesses Not Ready.

The matter was to have come up before the subcommittee yesterday, but the fact that a number of necessary witnesses had not been summoned caused it to be postponed until Tuesday.

Mrs. Laura A. Cox, head nurse of the Municipal Tuberculosis Sanitarium, was cleared yesterday of having Ku Klux sympathies by the civil service trial board which has been hearing charges against her. The board has taken under advisement the charges of inefficiency against her.

STATION EMPLOYEE KILLED BY TRAIN. A station employee was killed when a train ran into the back of the station early yesterday. Frank Campione, 3252 South Wells Street, an employee of the station.

ALD. JOHN P. GARNER (Maurice H. Sykes Photo).

LEGION BUDDIES OF WATT DANIEL LAUD HIS RECORD

Deny Charge Made by Klan.

Comrades in service of Watt Daniel, slain by the Ku Klux Klan at Mer Rouge, La., are being summoned to defend the character of the ex-soldier which his slayers have sought to attack.

A copy of a form letter which is being broadcasted among the former members of A company, 336th battalion, tank corps, to which Daniel belonged, was made public last night by

Claude L. Foubare, commander of Harold A. Taylor post No. 47 of the American Legion, a sergeant in Daniel's company, and bunk companion to the soldier from Mer Rouge for six months in France.

The post, whose headquarters are at 111 West Chicago avenue, followed the lead of its commander and last night forwarded a letter of condolence to the parents of the murdered man.

Letter Praises Daniel.

The letter, which each member of Daniel's company is signing, was sent out by Joseph Morningstar, 650 West 34th street, New York, a Legionnaire who also served with Daniel in the tank corps. It reads as follows:

"I hereby testify that as a member of A company, 336th battalion, tank corps, I was personally associated with Fillmore Watt Daniel.

"That during our service overseas

I have found him always a gentleman of the highest honor and integrity, a member of the company, not only for his soldierly qualities, but for his generosity, kindliness of spirit, and fortitude under the most trying circumstances."

Tells of Victim's Character.

This was accompanied by a letter from Mr. Morningstar, which read:

"You all have undoubtedly read of the brutal murder of our former comrade, Sergt. Fillmore Watt Daniel of Mer Rouge, La., by the Ku Klux Klan. The two slayers, whom sympathetic points as his probable murderers are trying to create a defense on the grounds that Dan was a bad man.

"It is incumbent on all of us to testify to his sterling worth as a man and his conduct as a soldier, his unselfishness, generosity, kindness, and high sense of honor."

act.

Woman Hires Taxi for Death Try with Poison

Mrs. Barbara Pfeilinski, 22 years old, 1457 West Chicago avenue, is unconscious in St. Luke's hospital from the effects of poison taken while riding in a taxicab in Michigan avenue yesterday. On her arrival at the hospital she first gave another name. The police failed in vain to learn the reason for her act.

Extend Presents Scale.

The coal commission chairman, in a message Thursday, suggested that, rather than adjourn the agreement, the meeting should authorize a continuation until April 1, 1924, of the arrangement under which the strike was ended last August.

The mine union leaders, who would be thus assured of prevailing wages for another year, are said to have voted to adopt this proposal, but the operators rejected it because "the present conference has no power, jurisdiction, or authority to take such action."

Willys-Overland and Willys-Knight

dealers of Chicago extend an invitation to the public to inspect the new 1923 models of the Overland and Willys-Knight line which will be on display Saturday evening, January six, from eight to eleven, and Sunday from ten to four p. m., at 2419 S. Michigan Ave.

An Invitation •

Broadway Motor Sales Co.

6335-37 Broadway

C. H. Briggs
Evanston, Ill.

Englewood Overland Co.
5952 S. Halsted

Commercial Auto Sales
8948-50 Commercial Ave.

Arthur Motors, Inc.

117-21 E. Garfield Blvd.

Leuflgen, Bethig & Goenwein
11106 S. Michigan Ave.

Rex Garage
6910 Stony Island Ave.

Robert Motor Sales
6146-48 Cottage Grove Ave.

Blue Island Garage

Blue Island, Ill.

Standard Motor Car
3301 W. North Ave.

Pearl Motor Sales Co.
2730 Milwaukee Ave.

Anderson Clausen Motor Co.
4635 Washington Blvd.

Vesely Brothers

3819 Ogden Ave.

James Bates
428 S. Sacramento Blvd.

Central Garage & Truck Co.
Maywood, Ill.

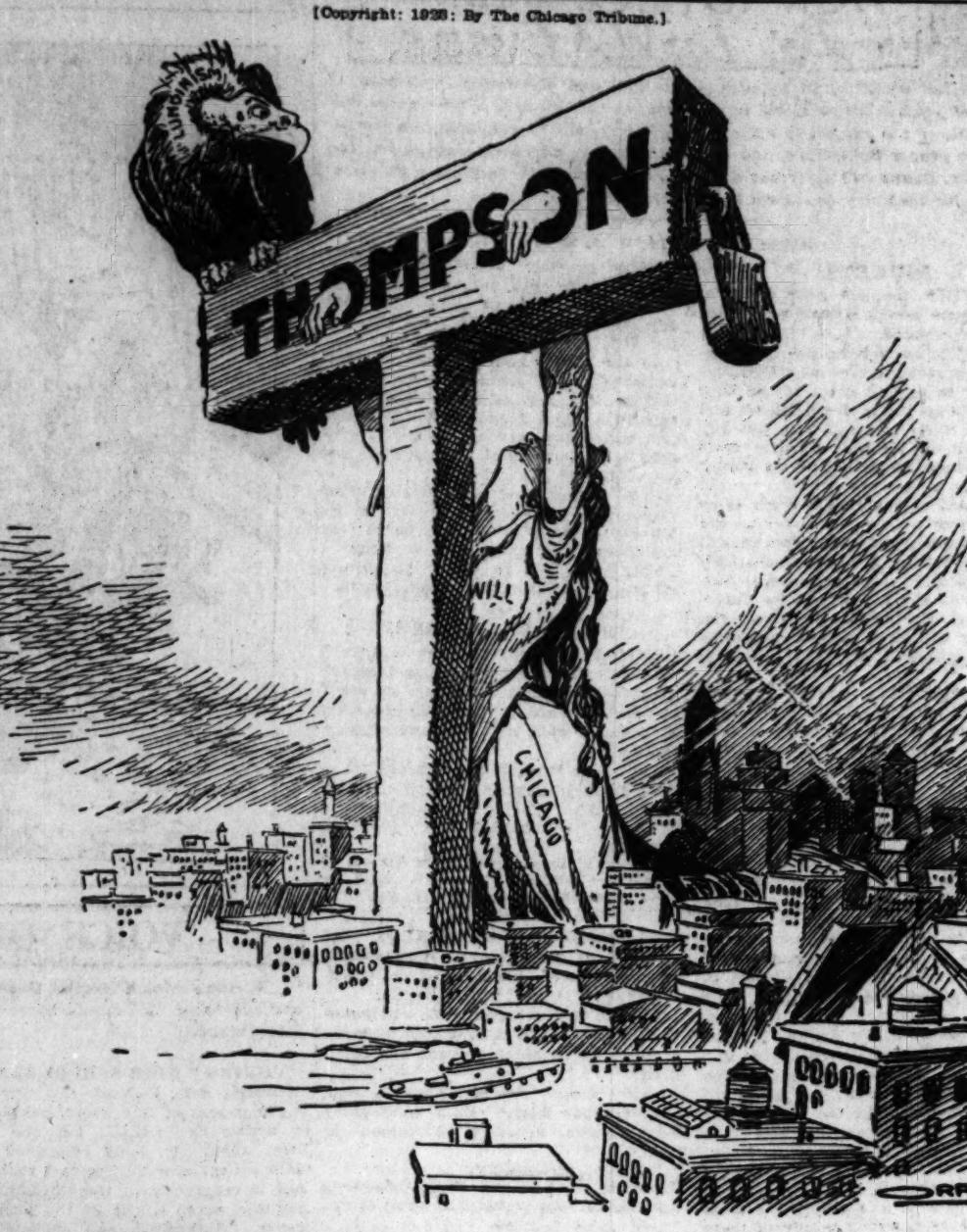
Overland Sales Co.
1111 W. Jackson Blvd.

Parkway Auto Sales

5934 W. 22nd St., Cicero, Ill.

Radway Garage
1112 Williams St., Oak Park, Ill.

Overland Motor Co.
2419 S. Michigan Ave.



HOPE FOR COAL PEACE Hinges ON SESSION IN EAST

Present Parley Breaks Up; May Revive Old Plan.

Peace in the coal mine industry—or another strike April 1—depends upon a conference to be held in New York, probably on Jan. 18.

This became evident late yesterday, when, conforming to predictions, bituminous coal operators and mine union officials adjourned a three days' session at the Congress hotel without having established a basis for negotiating new contracts to replace the ones which expire March 31.

No official announcement of the New York meeting was made by either side, but it was learned from reliable sources that the party will be held.

Revive Old Compact.

This meeting, according to optimistic forecasts, will result in a revival of the four state agreement, that was in effect for many years prior to the strike of 1919. The operators' contract, signed April 1, 1922, Other states might then be expected, as in the past, to negotiate contracts similar to the four state compact.

About 150 mine owners, representing fifteen states, with a slightly lesser number of union conferees, attended the meeting which adjourned yesterday. The operators' demands and the divergence of interests were held responsible for failure to agree.

This explanation was offered by the operators in a telegram to John Hays Hammond, chairman of President Harding's fact finding coal commission. The operators' adjourned late yesterday in reply to two telegraphic appeals Mr. Hammond had made to the joint meeting, urging upon the conference the necessity for averting another sweep of the industry.

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The mine union leaders, who would be thus assured of prevailing wages for another year, are said to have voted to adopt this proposal, but the operators rejected it because "the present conference has no power, jurisdiction, or authority to take such action."

33d Ward Democrats Back Petlak for Council

The Thirty-third ward regular Democratic organization endorsed Representative Joseph Petlak for alderman at a meeting held last night at headquarters, 1822 Wabansia avenue.

4 Got \$15,000 in Pay Roll Holdup; Also Got 25 Years

Cleveland, O., Jan. 5.—The four pay roll bandits who last Saturday held up the Payroll Service company of approximately \$15,000 were today sentenced to twenty-five years each in the penitentiary.



Say this out loud—

"Day by day as I work and play, my savings are growing and GROWING!"

Then—
make it true by starting a Definite Purpose Savings Account in our

**SAVINGS
DEPARTMENT**
and you'll feel like a Brand New Person

Open Today
Until 8 o'clock

Chicago Trust Company

7 West Madison St.
S. W. cor. of State

Bonds Trust
Commercial Vault
Real Estate Loans

No one can resist such a wide and tempting array of candies—rich chocolates with hard nut centers, fruit flavors, mint tid bits, mallow dainties—the kind of candy that every one likes most. Two varieties—one at 60c the pound—the De Luxe at 80c. Surprise HER . . . tonight with a box of De Met's.

De Met's
CANDIES
5 West Randolph Street
Between State and Dearborn Streets

Chicago Daily Tribune.
THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 16, 1847

REGISTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER, JUNE 16, 1867,
AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF
MARCH 3, 1879.All unsolicited articles, manuscripts, letters and pictures sent
to The Tribune are sent at the owner's risk, and The Tribune
expressly disclaims any liability or responsibility for their
safe custody or return.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 6, 1923.

THE TRIBUNE OFFICES,
CHICAGO—7 SOUTH DEARBORN STREET,
NEW YORK—515 FIFTH AVENUE,
WASHINGTON—40 WYATT BUILDING,
LOS ANGELES—400 RUE BASS BUILDING,
LONDON—135 FLEET STREET, E. C. 4,
PARIS—18 RUE LAMARTINE,
BERLIN—1 UFER DEN LINDEN,
ROME—HOTEL EXCELSIOR,
DUBLIN—SHELBURNE HOTEL,
PEKING—GRAND HOTEL DES WAGONS-LITS,
SHANGHAI—1 AVENUE EDWARD VII,
TOKIO—IMPERIAL HOTEL,
DE JANEIRO—UNITED STATES EXHIBIT BUILDING.*"Our Country! In her intercourse with
foreign nations may she always be in the
right; but our country, right or wrong."*
—Stephen Decatur.THE TRIBUNE'S
PLATFORM FOR CHICAGO1—Build the Subway Now.
2—Abolish "Pittsburgh Plus."
3—Stop Reckless Driving.

BRING OUR SOLDIERS HOME

Now that M. Poincaré has sent for Marshal
Foch may we suggest it is time for Mr. Harding
to send for Gen. Allen?The retention of our troops at Coblenz has been
a weakness. The President should act at once to
prevent it from being a tragic blunder. We have
no business to have American troops brigaded with
French troops on what now may be at any hour
the advance guard of a military movement into
Germany.With all due respect to the President, we assert
that he is gambling with American interest, Ameri-
can peace, American honor, if he can be called
gambling when we have nothing to gain and much
to lose. He ought to wake up to that before it
is too late.NO MORE BUILDINGS IN THE
PARK.With all due respect to Judge Carpenter and his
associates of the federal bench, who rightly protest
against conditions in the federal building, we think
their proposal that the south park board donate
land in Grant park for a courthouse is about as
foolish as could be made on the subject.Why should the United States government, with
its enormous income, beg land from the south
parks? Why should park land, dedicated to recrea-
tion and beauty, be devoted to a court building
which can and ought to be put somewhere else?We think conditions in the present federal build-
ing are intolerable and disgraceful. Chicago has
never scrambled at the pork barrel, but has gone
to the opposite extreme in neglecting her just
claims to decent appropriations for her actual
needs. The federal building was a fiasco from the
beginning, and it has long been nothing less than
a public nuisance. We ought to have a modern
building, designed for the use of the government,
an efficient administration building, such as a
bank or business house would have. The present
location is a good one and should be utilized fully
for the postal service, internal revenue, naturaliza-
tion, and passport offices. The proposal for a sepa-
rate building for the courts seems a good one,
but certainly not that the government should be
made a present of the site or that a public play-
ground should be invaded for that purpose.We don't want black marias taking bootleggers,
forgers, and other offenders against the federal
laws through Grant park to trial. We don't go to
a park to refresh ourselves with thoughts of crime
and punishment, or even the lesser discomforts of
litigation. Our courts should be located in an
accessible situation, but not in a recreation center.But there is another objection to the Grant park
site. The late Montgomery Ward would have been
out before breakfast to stop it, and the city owes
his memory perpetual honor for his years of un-
thanked defense of the lake front from such encroachment. Now that he is gone, we know he was
right, and we ought to have foresight enough to
take up the defense. Grant park is no place for
buildings. We want to keep it for a park. We
want to keep our glimpse of the lake and the green
that will come when Mr. Markham gets his road
electrified. There is plenty of room elsewhere for
public buildings and not another structure should
be allowed in the park. There are signs of relaxation
of this sensible rule. The judges' proposal is
not the only one. All should be firmly refused, no
matter how worthy the cause seeking shelter in
this place.THE ANGLO-FRENCH
BREACH.The breach between the British and French
governments seems to present the most dangerous
crisis European affairs—or world politics, for that
matter—have developed since August, 1914. Mr.
Roland Borden, a financial representative of the
United States at large in Europe for some time,
told a Tribune correspondent that it had to
come, and the sooner the better. We shall try
to adopt his philosophic viewpoint, but it is difficult
for American observers to look upon the
divergence of British and French policy concerning
Germany as anything short of a disaster. France
may act with more restraint than seems
to be expected by Mr. Law, and for her sake and
for the sake of European society we devoutly hope
she will. But on the surface of the situation her
intent seems to us to promise disaster.Meanwhile Americans must feel that, if the
French government is so determined to act on
its own lines that it will sacrifice British support,
any influence or interposition of ours would have
been and would be now futile and we can only
thank our stars or rather our common sense that
we did not involve ourselves by adherence to the
Versailles treaty and its covenant. If we were
in the league we might and almost certainly
would have been entangled before this in com-
promises affected with French fears, resentments,
and traditional modes of action, and could have
contributed nothing but dubious sacrifices to a
policy formed largely upon principles we cannot
respect. However slight any influence we may
exert may be, we are free to employ it according
to our own judgment, and we can at worst keepout of a mess that offends our common sense as
well as the principles we thought animated our
associates in the war.

THE BROOM AND AFTER.

It would be easy for a political management to
pick a man who would make a good candidate and
a poor mayor. It would be just as easy to pick
one who would make a good mayor but so poor
a candidate that he could not be elected. It would
not be so easy but it is possible to pick a man
who would be both a good candidate and a good
mayor. Two such men are wanted—one for the
Democratic ticket and one for the Republican.If the Republicans opposed to Thompson pick a
candidate both for his good running qualities and
for his honesty and ability we believe he will beat
Thompson in the primaries. If he is an exceptional
man he will have to be opposed by an ex-
ceptional Democrat or we believe he will win the
election. That possibility or probability is kept in
view by the Democrats and it will dispose them
to pass over the short stops and bring out the
exceptional Democrat.There will be a way out of dirt, dishonesty,
crime, confusion and deception if both parties put
up good men. We hope that after Chicago has
used the broom it has something more than an
enjoy to put in charge of a city which needs honest
vision and construction.THE GATEWAY
AMENDMENT.In considering the gateway amendment to the
constitution—laissez faire, the amending clause—
citizens interested propose that the changes per-
mit any number of amendments to be offered at
any one time, that a majority vote of both houses
may submit propositions to the people, that a major-
ity of votes in a referendum shall adopt an
amendment and that amendments may be orig-
inated by petition.The present constitution restricts amendments
to one article at a time and requires two-thirds
vote of both houses for submission to the people.
Statutory law may respond, within constitutional
limitations, even to popular fancies, but organic
law is protected against passing enthusiasms and
quick changes. Illinois has given it too much pro-
tection and has made it inaccessible to change.There is no question now, following the rejec-
tion of the proposed new constitution, that the
wise thing is to make the existing constitution
more liberal and freer of amendment. How many
amendments may be submitted at any one time
seems to us to be of no great consequence pro-
viding the limit, if there is to be one, is liberal.
Reasonable conservatism might not be offended
if there were a limit at all.If the W. G. N. continues to sponsor the rape
of English, God help us. ROHOJO.SAYS Emile Cout, "I help them that help them
selves." Wasn't there something else that used to
attend to that?

A LINE O' TYPE OR TWO

How to the Line, let the
guys fall where they may.

TO A LOVER.

Hasten to make me tender songs, and gay;
Kiss my shoulder, and gather me roses . . .

I am the prey the Hunters of Ages pursue,

While Time, the Pointer, stealthily circles
clothes . . .

Find me the greenest fields and the bluest skies,

Vow yourself for a hundred years my lover;

Make me believe that our vows, with the roses'

scent . . .

Sweet . . . so sweet . . . shall last for a life, and
ever!

Songs, and kisses, and roses . . . so goes delight;

Hold me closer, nor let me recall this thing—

That our roses are only . . . roses, after all—

And love, as deceitful, impermanent, as the Spring.

DOROTHY DOW.

THEM SHALL NOT PASS!

Sir: Your heroic efforts to protect the chastity of
the English language entitle you to a Medal of
Honor, with a special citation for your stand
against your over-the-line neighbor, Editorial War.
May the special god in whose charge are all Col-
umn Conductors watch over you and protect you.
The enemy's editorial, together with your counter-
attack, I forwarded to a friend in the East, one
who has lived in Chicago, yet loves it. This is the
comeback:I should say it was a Westerner who wrote
it. "It Don't," "Ain't I," "Gotten," editorial.
This is exactly the way they feel out there—if
one expresses any appreciation for nice
language, he is immediately labeled a "softy."
They seem to mistake crudeness in writing
for virility, and the more one argues with
them the more confirmed are they that one
"puts on airs."If the W. G. N. continues to sponsor the rape
of English, God help us. ROHOJO.SAYS Emile Cout, "I help them that help them
selves." Wasn't there something else that used to
attend to that?

RAR!

R. H. L.: The modern girl! bah—vain, fickle,
selfish, untruthful, lying, selfish, flirtatious, igno-
rant, spendthrift, reckless, loud, painted and pow-
dered dummies for fashion addicts, continually look-
ing for new conquests, only to squeeze them dry
and cast them aside, pleasure mad, dance crazy,
delirious for excitement, passion loving, moon-
shine drinking and cigarette smoking—bah! and a
million times bah!—yes, you have just thrown me
over. Your companion in bachelordom—

EDWARD PRECHER.

SIR, WE HAVE JUST BEGUN TO FIGHT!

R. H. L.: I'm an innocent bystander—not a
contrib. but c. to what happened. In one of
the last W. G. N.'s I saw you suggested that Doc-
tored the editorial column, the column that defeated
Thompson and Small and made Chicago a pure
city and gave us an ideal school system, and
bawled you out because you wouldn't say "sofern."
How come you are not sunk? SIR G.

NEW YEAR IN CHICAGO.

(The old year's end and the new year's begin-
ning in Chicago is marked by the killing of seven
persons and the wounding of others with the one
hand gun—Ed. W. G. N.)In our fair city, spite of dire-
ful threat and ban,
The burghers joyously the
year began;And then the last toast
drunk, the last kind
greeting said,They cracked their cars, and carried home their
dead. GEORGE MOORBY.

OH, INDEED YES, THIS WILL END IT NICELY!

Dear Sir: Just to end the argument. The mighty Wait Camp and Alonso Stagg are thick
as glue, and Thomas is the pet of Stagg's stable.
That's that. Sing a song to Yost, the Great Yost!
Harry Kipke is the unanimous choice of all
critics for a half back berth on the All-American.
Berlie Kirk made all the first or second team.
A ballot of two hundred football coaches of the
country placed Kipke and Paul Gould on the
first team. Kipke placed Kirk and Mink on his
first team, and Michigan was the only school to
be honored with two places. Camp placed a Wolverine
on each of his three teams, and the Wolverine
were the only aggregation to place three.
They are the greatest.

T. G. KIPKE.

THE NEW YEAR'S END AND THE NEW YEAR'S BEGINNING

The modern girl! bah—vain, fickle,
selfish, untruthful, lying, selfish, flirtatious, igno-
rant, spendthrift, reckless, loud, painted and pow-
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ing for new conquests, only to squeeze them dry
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shine drinking and cigarette smoking—bah! and a
million times bah!—yes, you have just thrown me
over. Your companion in bachelordom—

EDWARD PRECHER.

BLUE BLOOD AND RED.

The report that the Prince of Wales will wed in
the British nobility is more significant than it may
seem to the American democrat. It is another sign
of the changes which the world war and modern
civilization.Ten or fifteen years ago there would have been
no doubt that the British heir apparent would have
married a princess of one of the royal houses of
the continent, a Romanov, a Hohenzollern, a
Hapsburg, or the daughter of a lesser monarchy
with a strategic position in the field of international
politics.But the greatest of these houses have fallen
the head of one was snatched obscurely by a
head of revolutionary mullahs. The head of another
is sawing wood. The prestige of kingship is very low.Monarchs that survive, survive on
the legislature makes the gateway to amendment
wide enough to permit the passage of all amend-
ments which can win two-thirds vote at any one
session or whether it puts a limit on the number,
the gateway change should be liberal enough to
permit freedom of action.It is essential primarily that all advocates of
amendments unite in this session to obtain the
submission of the liberalizing amendment. Amend-
ments to only one article may be proposed and this
is the one. It will clear the way for the others.

THE BROOM AND AFTER.

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which implied a special ictus in the veins of royal
blood, has faded into nothingness. Once a great
nobility might aspire to unite his strain with that
of a king, but that was centuries ago when Euro-
pean monarchy was in its infancy and the baronage
was its master. Now it is old and dying and can
hardly afford to disdain royal blood. Adaughter of George has married a commoner. If
his house survive another generation, a royal
transfusion of native blood is wise.This is the twilight of kings. Divine right,
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his house survive another generation, a royal
transfusion of native blood is wise.Brown, another dairyman, has a herd of unknowns,
which may or may not be tubercular. Having ob-
served the plight of Jones, he resolved to avoid a
similar fate. He refused to have his herd tested.
The dealers continue to buy his milk, and pay him as
much for it as they pay Jones.In other words, society penalizes the man who
tries to safeguard the health of society. This is not right.
It can be made right by forbidding all milk producers
to sell milk from untested cows. It can be made
right by introducing the area method of testing.—

R. E. B.

Editorial of the Day

COMPETITIVE TESTING.
[Medill School of Journalism.]Jones, progressive dairyman, eager to maintain a
healthy herd and produce clean milk, had his herd
tested for tuberculosis. A large percentage of his
cows were found to be "reactors," that is tubercular
cows. Dairy companies, who cannot afford to get the
reputation of handling milk of known tubercular
origin, refused to buy his milk. He was forced to kill
the infected animals and build up a clean herd. And
now, if he sells his milk through the regular chan-
nels, he cannot get more than the ordinary market
price.Brown, another dairyman, has a herd of unknowns,
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R. E. B.

THE BROOM AND AFTER.

I'm sayin' farewell to the two-room flat,
To the one arm lunch and the

KHARKOFF WORKS ROAR TRIBUTE TO SOVIET ENERGY

Rebuilds Tanks and Loco-
motives Like U. S.

BY GEORGE SELDES.
[Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.]
KHARKOFF.—[By Mail]—After listening to Lenin and Trotsky discuss the policy of reconstruction and rehabilitation at almost all costs and hearing Zinovieff make the dreariest and most long-winded speeches on the same subject, I have had opportunity at last to place where the great actual progress being made. It is the great locomotive works of Kharkoff.

My first surprise came on seeing on a long line of flat cars outside the works a number of big British tanks lifting the same pugnacious noses as of prehistoric animals, they once pointed at the frightened German invaders.

My Bolshevik guide tried his best to steer me to the engines of peace while I lingered to read the British signs on the tanks. There were at least twenty of them, two being the small French tanks used on our border with St. Michel to Thessaloniki.

About a hundred British tanks were complete or being rebuilt. The British had so kindly sent them to Denikin or Wrangel.

Four Locomotives a Month.

The machine gun spatter of the riveters, the roar of the electric converters, the smash smash of the ten ton hammers, and all the clanking and clattering of men with hammers and mallets were ample proof that here something was being made for Russia's rehabilitation.

"Here are the four locomotives we will turn out this month," said my guide as we came to a big department where men were putting about big skeleton monsters.

"What's the output before the war?" I asked.

"Thirty new locomotives," replied the guide, "whereas we make only four new ones a month now. But we reconstruct twice each month. This reconstruction amounts almost to building new ones, as the machines are taken to pieces and rebuilt. We employ 5,000 men here, as compared with 5,000 before the war."

Up to Date Power Plant.

In addition to the tanks and locomotives, I saw the construction of Diesel engines, of which the guide said, five had already been built.

Numerous smaller hydraulic and oil engines were also being constructed.

The most impressive part of the works is the plant for the production of asphaltum, the equal of any in a big American plant.

The engineer there proudly pointed out that about a fourth of the machinery in that room was new and that work was going on a new transformer.

The works were held between \$80,000 and \$90,000,000 rubles a month, or about \$10 to \$14 at the new rate of exchange.

Bread, however, is cheaper in Kharkoff than in Petrograd or Moscow. Before we left the works, however, we were witness to an incident upon which the guide had not counted.

There were about 100 workers. They were demonstrating the new system of taxation which aimed chiefly at the bourgeoisie but still hit the proletariat. The speakers said it was impossible to live on the official wage and pay taxes also.

WEIGH STORY OF
RUSSIAN GEMS IN
SOLDIER'S GRAVE

WHO GETS STANKEV.

Jan. 5.—Government of Russia today admitted that it was investigating the claim that Russian jewels to the value of \$4,000,000 had been smuggled into this country in the coffin of an American sailor and buried in the National cemetery in Brooklyn.

It was announced that the story

was investigated.

Meanwhile, the grave of Stepan James Jones, who died on the army transport Eddystone at Gibraltar in August, 1920, on the way to the United States from Vladivostok and into whose coffin the jewels were reported to have slipped, remained undisturbed.

It is said that the story

is now wastes its wealth and

to remediate.

Human progress is defeated by

the fecundity of the ignorant.

The right to bear children should

be controlled by the state, as

in Holland.

There should be selective pat-

terization.

The marriage of the unfit as a

convenience is permitted but

sterilization.

It is a false start evolved from no-

scientific data. These have

in the first by scientific re-

discovery, and men must

depend upon themselves if they

escape from the morass into

misinformed leadership has

them. Spartan measures must

be taken if we are to attain higher hu-

manity.

L. B. RUSSELL.

WHO GETS STANKEV.

Jan. 5.—It was Bill Nye, I

who said that if his boy ever

signs of becoming a "you-

ngster" he would lead him gently but

the woodshed and beat it out of

him. I have just returned from

the place where my genial critic had

and I am all through.

EUGENE SHURMAN.

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BIG INCREASE IN CHILD LABOR AS LAW IS ANNULLED

Senator McCormick Pleads for Federal Action.



MISS THERESA DORIS.

BY ARTHUR EVANS.
Washington, D. C., Jan. 5.—[Special.]—Child labor in factories, mills, and other industries has apparently increased 20 per cent or more since May, when the Supreme court knocked out the federal child labor law, according to child welfare forces, who maintain that unless the constitution is amended Gibbs' bill is sounding the death knell before the fall of juvenile exploitation is abolished.

Next week an imposing array of women's clubs, trades unions, congresses of mothers, women's voters' leagues and civic and social organizations, more than one hundred of them all over the country, will meet in a new campaign for Senator Medill McCormick's (Rep., Ill.) amendment to prevent child labor. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of labor, is chairman of the permanent conference formed to work for a nationwide cleanup.

Question of State's Rights.
What objection is sounded at present centers in the old question of state's rights. But Senator McCormick and the welfare camp decide the law is one of "state's rights" instead of state rights. They argue that instead of an encroachment by congress upon the states' powers, an amendment would simply give powers to congress which four Supreme court justices say it already holds, although five justices say the contrary.

The real uniformity of child labor laws is impossible save through federal action, and they point that the proposed amendment simply empowers congress to act and does not give a specific restriction into the basic law as did the prohibition amendment. In his office today Senator McCormick discussed the question.

More Children Employed.
"It is not available," he said, "indicate that as a result of last May's decision of the Supreme court invalidating the child labor act, the number of children employed in industry has already increased 20 to 30 per cent. Unless congress is empowered by constitutional amendment to act plainly, matters will grow worse."

McCormick's amendment to the constitution for the sake of the children who otherwise will be driven into the mills of the country to their own injury.

"Child labor, it is obvious cannot be accepted as consistent with a system of education, free, universal, and compulsory. Obviously a child denied an education, forbidden schools, is denied that physical development and opportunity for learning as important to its citizenship in a democracy. Certainly the nation has an interest in the matter of citizenship. Child labor injures not only the individual child but also it injures society at large."

Oppose Too Much Power.
"It appears that the only formidable opponents of action by congress are those who ably hold that the national government is now powerless to forbid child labor, and further that under our federal system of government no constitutional amendment to be vested with such powers. But it will be remembered that the Supreme decisions have been by narrow margins. The first decision was handed down by a majority of 5 to 4, the majority holding that the federal act of 1918 invaded the rights of the states. In delivering the opinion of the minority of four Mr. Justice Holmes said:

"The act does not meddle with any-

ANOTHER SLANT AT THAT HERRIN MARCH TO DEATH

Defense Witnesses Saw No Acts of Violence.

BY WALTER RODERICK.
Marion, Ill., Jan. 6.—[Special.]—Another description of the death march through the streets of Herrin on June 22, of the six guards at the Lester strip mine who were tied together with a rope and shot down in the cemetery at the edge of town, was given in Judge Hartwell's court today by defense witnesses, come to prove alibis for the five men on trial for murder.

But it was an entirely different description from that given in the same court by two of the state's witnesses, Dr. O. O. Shipman of Herrin and Patrick Joseph O'Rourke, who, shot seven times and stabbed once, was the only one of the six to be snatched from death.

It was not the story of six wounded bruised, and bleeding men, their faces matted with dirt and blood and drawn in agony, being pushed along bare headed, coatless, some without shoes, before a jeering shouting crowd, but a strange crowd from which the witnesses were able to pick only one or two of the names and see them. But all were positive that not one of the five defendants was among the ten or fifteen men who had the prisoners in charge and none of them had seen them in the larger crowd that followed and overflowed with fringes of women on to the sidewalks.

One man was seen waving a revolver by some of the witnesses, but most saw no weapons at all. Neither did they see any one lay hands upon the prisoners, or jeer or shout or threaten them.

Witnesses in Replies.

Today they were simply six "scabs," he said, and the face of one of them might have been a little bloody, a "scratch on the forehead," one witness described. It—marching silently ahead of as silent a crowd, variously estimated at from 100 to 800, a strange crowd from which the witnesses were able to pick only one or two of the names and see them.

But all were positive that not one of the five defendants was among the ten or fifteen men who had the prisoners in charge and none of them had seen them in the larger crowd that followed and overflowed with fringes of women on to the sidewalks.

One man was seen waving a revolver by some of the witnesses, but most saw no weapons at all. Neither did they see any one lay hands upon the prisoners, or jeer or shout or threaten them.

Witnesses in Replies.

W. A. Yancey, a Herrin miner, who marched all the way from Taylor's crossing at the edge of town to within 200 yards of the cemetery, didn't see any man, he said, who was maimed.

James Jolly, another miner, saw a fellow waving a revolver and admitted the prisoners were "bruised up a bit," but said he knew all of the defendants and was sure they were not in the crowd.

"As far as I am concerned," he said, "they are rank strongers."

As far as you know, the men, women, and children in that crowd were strangers in Herrin? A—Yes.

It appears that the only formidable opponents of action by congress are those who ably hold that the national government is now powerless to forbid child labor, and further that under our federal system of government no constitutional amendment to be vested with such powers. But it will be remembered that the Supreme decisions have been by narrow margins. The first decision was handed down by a majority of 5 to 4, the majority holding that the federal act of 1918 invaded the rights of the states. In delivering the opinion of the minority of four Mr. Justice Holmes said:

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OPEN SHOP HELD A CONSPIRACY BY DAUGHERTY RULE

Glass Makers and Workers Indicted.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 5.—Agreement and combination for their purpose the maintenance of an "open shop" labor policy are held to contravene the conspiracy clauses of the Clayton act under a ruling of Attorney General Daugherty made known here today.

While occasioned by a specific situation, relating to the Builders Exchange and the glass industry, the opinion is declared to be sweeping in its scope and to cover generally, for the information of federal district attorneys, all phases of combinations affected, either by labor against employers or vice versa.

Originated on Coast.
It was learned today that the ruling was directed as much toward the benefit of the workmen in the industry as to the employers and manufacturers, who were opposed to letting their plants remain idle.

The forced closing of many factories, which was asserted to have been scheduled for Jan. 27, would have forced thousands of men to seek employment in other channels, it was declared.

The United States attorney at San

Francisco was instructed to investigate and take whatever action seemed necessary.

Glass Men Indicted.

The indictment of sixteen men, comprising the wage committees of the National Association of Window Glass Manufacturers and National Window Glass Workers in Cleveland and the application for an injunction and injunctions for an injunction to effect a wage contract agreement was necessary, according to government officials, to prevent "irreparable injury" to the industry and the public.

According to information here the two committees would have met at Cleveland tomorrow to make effective an agreement which would permit certain manufacturing companies to close their plants for extended periods in order to curtail production and thus maintain prices.

The 100 concerns named control the hand blown glass industry of the United States.

Benefit to Workmen.

Attorney General Daugherty declared today the department's action was directed as much toward the benefit of the workmen in the industry as to the employers and manufacturers, who were opposed to letting their plants remain idle.

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Do you know the Movie Actors?



The Chicago Tribune will give away
\$10,000,000
IN CASH PRIZES FREE
 for Best Answers To Movie Puzzle Pictures

a stupendous new contest!

Open to Men, Women, Boys and Girls. No stories to write.
 No work to do. Just amuse yourself by proving your skill.

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Don't Miss It! Open to Everybody

Men, Women, Boys and Girls everywhere may compete. Order your Chicago Sunday Tribune in advance from your newsdealer. The edition is limited.

YANK-GIANT WAR IMPENDING OVER SUNDAY DATES

New York, Jan. 5.—(By the Associated Press)—A branch has developed between the two New York major league baseball clubs over the scheduling of Sunday games next month. The reason may cause considerable trouble at the joint schedule meeting of the two organizations at Atlantic City, N. J., tomorrow.

Telegrams were sent by both clubs to the presidents of their respective leagues.

CHARLES A. STONEHAM.

now in Atlantic City, discloses a state of open warfare that had its start in the alleged election of the Yankees from the Polo grounds, home of the Giants, which forced the American leaguers to construct their own diamond.

It evidently was after hearing that the Giants' ownership was maneuvering for the scheduling of conflicting Sunday dates in New York that the Yankees' proprietors yesterday wired President Ban Johnson of the American league to oppose any such move that might be made at the Atlantic City meeting.

Stoneham Wires Heyder.

When news of this was published today, Charles A. Stoneham, president of the Giants, sent this telegram to John A. Heyder, head of the parent club:

"The two major league clubs in New York draw from a population of ten million people and the New York National league club believes that if the attendance is sufficient no harm can come by having as many conflicting Sunday dates as possible."

"There are many local pro and semi-pro baseball clubs that play in the vicinity which draw from 1,800 to 5,000 people on Sunday, notwithstanding the fact that at the same time one of the New York and the Brooklyn teams were playing professional ball."

Means \$100,000 to Giants.

"We are in favor of as many conflicting dates as possible, as five dates will mean approximately \$100,000 to this club, which we consider is a good and sufficient reason for your trying to obtain the consent of President Johnson of the American league for the placing of conflicting dates."

When he obtained a copy of this, Col. Huston, who yesterday announced his decision to retain his part ownership of the Yankees, wired to President Johnson, quoting the last paragraph of the Stoneham message:

"His reasons," said the colonel, "are that the Yankees are the telegraph and telephone company. The only business reason possible for the Giants to advance after having peremptorily ordered us off the Polo grounds was to secure these extra Sundays, which would compensate them for the loss of the rent the Yankees were paying them."

"Confession of Feebleness."

"If we permit them to secure this money," Huston added, "we acknowledge that our league will again come to its feebleness, again while continuing to let the Yankee stadium be supposed to fortify us."

"Because we have outdrawn the Giants remarkably during the last three years, it is not the money fear which actuates us in our opposition to conflicting dates, but the real, sincere fear that, for the time being, Sunday matches may be overdone in New York City."

"Col. Ruppert expressed the same belief before leaving for Chicago today. He feels more strongly than I do."

The two New York clubs never have fought for the same question of conflicting Sunday games, as one that never has caused much trouble among rival club owners. In the past schedules have been devised to avoid conflicts and only a few have occurred except in Chicago, where about three are arranged every year.

In neither Boston, St. Louis, nor Philadelphia, the only other cities having two teams, has the question arisen.

In some quarters it was believed that foreknowledge of the situation partly prompted Col. Huston to decide to remain in baseball.

YANK OWNERS AGREE

New York, Jan. 5.—[Special]—Col. Huston and I have agreed to agree," said Col. Jacob Ruppert, president of the Yankees, and Col. Charles A. Stoneham, president of the Giants, of the Twentieth Century Limited to start with him for Chicago. It was his first public statement since the sudden announcement of his partner that all negotiations for the purchase of the Huston interests by Ruppert were off.

Col. Ruppert was departing for Chicago to attend a meeting of brewing interests.

**'WHISKERS' LINOW
WRESTLES DRAW
WITH DEMETRAL**

Jack Linow, fresh from cinema success as a result of flinging locks of auburn hair on his chin, appeared at the Star and Garter last night wearing the Whiskers and wrestled a six round draw with Bill Demetral.

Jack hasn't forgotten how to put on a good show, as a result of his rough stuff into play at various times, and toward the end of the fifth round was willing to hurl Bill into the crowd. It was a good match to watch and kept the crowd expectant at all times. Many dangerous holds were secured by each man, but neither was able to put the necessary leverage. Linow appeared to outweigh Demetral by forty pounds.

In the opening bout of three rounds Pets Savage pinned Kara Osman just before the final bell with a toehold.

**Windisch Wins Three Mile
Amateur Roller Grind**

Rudolph Windisch of the Avons A. won the three mile amateur roller skating race at the Riverview rink last night, finishing in 5:20. Bob Shepard of the Jones Cycle club was second and Anthony Nowa of Riverview was third. Joe Laurye won the mile race for professionals with Vic French second and De Long third. Watt won the special one mile amateur race.



IN the WAKE of the NEWS

EARLIER CHICAGO.

Elie Haussler—Another anecdote of Peter Palmer and "Mike the Hoss," the Palmer house porter. Mr. Palmer, becoming offended one night at something Mike had done, fired him on the spot. Mike knew of his boss' weak eyesight. So he took his hat and coat and walked out the back street door.

In about ten minutes he came back through the Monroe street door with hat and coat on. He walked right up to Mr. Palmer and asked for a job as porter, and got it. The old gentleman did not recognize him with hat and coat on, never having seen him except in his familiar blue shirt and bare head.

Some time later Mr. Palmer was told how Mike put it over. He laughed and gave Mike a raise.

C. H. M.

On New Year's eve of 1884 the weather was 22 below zero. Father got up at 4 o'clock in the morning and climbed out the kitchen window, as the front of the house was blocked with snow blown from

the northwest across a forty acre prairie, bounded by North avenue, Schiller, and Sedgwick.

It took him hours to make a path. All at once he heard panting. He shoveled the snow from that direction and found a little old lady so exhausted she could not move in any direction. She was bound for St. Michael's church on North Avenue.

* *

Rohib Rhythming. I like to write a little note. Which, printed in the paper, Will come across at human lip. A Merry go to paper.

The last for fame I write this rot, "It's not for love nor money; But so unhappy is my lot, I can't help being a failure."

My life's been a ceaseless round Of jokes, with me the victim; I never met a savage bound But that owner stoned me gently.

It took him hours to make a path. All at once he heard panting. He shoveled the snow from that direction and found a little old lady so exhausted she could not move in any direction. She was bound for St. Michael's church on North Avenue.

* *

When I Was a Kid I Thought—That "L" roads were built high to give out of town people a thrill.

Sully,

The Campus Mountaineers, quoth G. A. R., is the name applied to the Northwestern university wearers of corduroy trousers, khaki shirts, and boots.

* *

A Cigar, Please, Sis. One way to start the day right: Read The Gumps" first. Mrs. E. B.

This Wake Is Conducted by Harvey T. Woodruff. Help! Help!

* *

Height of Affluence. My idea of the Height of Affluence is to receive letters addressed R. C. B.—Est. r. c. b.

A Friend in Need.

We have briars, meerschaums, and calashes, but when in our own room at home or when preparing this we need a corn cob with bone bit. It must be a certain shape and have a certain size bowl, which ever you wish to call it. So strong is habit, we cannot work without it.

For nearly two months we have been unable to purchase this certain type, although trying at least twenty stores. Our last treasured relic has burned out. Despite stalked at our door. It looked as if it had come and our resultant despair caused.

When all seemed lost the dark clouds broke and the sun again shines. Hearing of our dilemma, Friend Reinhard, managing editor of the National Cob Works of Union, Mo., shipped us an edition of just the type to which we had been accustomed. All is well!

* *

A Reminiscient. The sidewalk hadn't changed a bit. Nor the house from which I started;

* *

Money-Back Guarantee. We tender a legal Money-Back guarantee as a result of flinging locks of auburn hair on his chin, appeared at the Star and Garter last night wearing the Whiskers and wrestled a six round draw with Bill Demetral.

Jack hasn't forgotten how to put on a good show, as a result of his rough stuff into play at various times, and toward the end of the fifth round was willing to hurl Bill into the crowd. It was a good match to watch and kept the crowd expectant at all times. Many dangerous holds were secured by each man, but neither was able to put the necessary leverage. Linow appeared to outweigh Demetral by forty pounds.

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* *

Various Height. Mistletoe in the ladies' dressing room of the Union League club during the holidays.

Motorman in leather pumps operates Madison street car. M. E. B.

When one gets up at 5 a. m. (after resting at 2 a. m.) to memorize fifty lines of Childe Harold and then his wife (the professor) has to call for the usual show.

Arthur.

Do You Remember Way Back When? If you had shutters on your house you were considered very wealthy, and at evening time you lighted the lamps and closed the shutters—Miss S. M.

TAYLOR HERE TO DRILL FOR TWO RING BOUTS

By Hugh Fullerton.
ONE THAT WILLIE TOLD.

WILLIE KEELER, hero of 1,000 ball stories, is to be here to drill for two ring bouts.

Decisions of Tribune boxing representatives are:

As Minneapolis' Eddie Anderson beat Terry Martini [16] and Eddie Engberg and Ted Janis drew [18].

As New York's Jack Bernstein beat Pepper Martin [12].

As Milwaukee's Ed Stone beat Charlie O'Neil [8].

As New Orleans' Eddie Hui beat Duke Matheson [18]; Ray Maywood and Sailor Blauner, drew [16]; Ed Shanes beat Johnny Williams [14].

BY WALTER ECKERSSAL.

Bud Taylor, Terre Haute bantamweight, arrived in Chicago yesterday to finish training for two important contests to be held in the ring in the future.

On Monday night the Hoosier will trade punches with Jimmie Kelly, West Side Italian, before the Racine A. C. and on Jan. 12 he will be taken to Milwaukee in a ten round engagement at East Chicago.

Although Taylor believes he will be ready to make a path. All at once he heard panting. He shoveled the snow from that direction and found a little old lady so exhausted she could not move in any direction. She was bound for St. Michael's church on North Avenue.

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We have briars, meerschaums, and calashes, but when in our own room at home or when preparing this we need a corn cob with bone bit. It must be a certain shape and have a certain size bowl, which ever you wish to call it. So strong is habit, we cannot work without it.

Treatments are administered only at our office by our own licensed operators. Our remedies for growing hair are not for sale at stores or public places, and our system is not permitted to be used by any other hair and scalp specialists in Chicago.

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DRAFT BILLS TO MAKE EUGENICS A STATE ISSUE

Bundesen and Mason Seek Assembly Showdown.

BY CARL GLASSCOCK.

Two bills under consideration by State Senator Lowell B. Mason, by and with the advice of Health Commissioner Bundesen, will put the present session of the Illinois legislature on record on the subject of eugenics.

Dr. Bundesen made it known yesterday that he plans for the reduction

incidentally throughout the state, would be crystallized in part in a bill

to prevent the spread of venereal diseases through the issuance of a medical certificate of health as a condition to the issuance

of a marriage license.

Some measure of the unit will be an additional measure, to be in

no way confused with or dependent upon the other.

Scourge Spreading, He Says.

"The health certificate measure,"

Dr. Bundesen explained, "is to be de-

signed for the protection of our chil-

ren, and of children yet unborn. When

I started my campaign for the reduc-

tion of the terrible scourge of venereal

diseases which is sweeping this coun-

try, many good citizens told me that

they would rise in horror and demand

correction. If the spread of these dis-

ease goes on, it will be too late in

a few generations for the seriously

diseased will be in the majority. That

means the insane or potentially insane

eventually will be in the majority.

What will become of our boasted civil-

ization then?

I was wrong when I said recently

that the moral issue had failed. I

should have said the moral issue alone

had failed to correct this condition.

It is essential, but we must have law

and enforcement to back it up.

"I do not want all this power to be

placed in the hands of the health com-

misioners. It is too much power for

any one man. I do not want the re-

quired examinations to be put in the

hands of a board. I do not want to

send my daughter to a board of gray-

boards for examination. But I do

want it in the hands of reputable

physicians.

Wants to End Unit Propagation.

"This would bring on, whether I

do it or not. The public would be

subjected to its dangers. Sterilization

is another method. Propagation of the

unit, the burden upon society, must

be checked when possible. That is an-

other means to the same end."

On the latter subject Dr. Gerty of

the County Psychopathic hospital

said: "Sterilization might be of value

in checking propagation of the unit in

some cases," he said. "It would be

of value in perhaps 10 per cent of the

cases which come through this institu-

tion. In a majority of our cases, how-

ever, there is no reason to believe the

unit is in any way inherited or

transmissible.

"Such cases as the alcoholics are in

point. There, I believe, the only good

of sterilization would be prevention of

the addition of children to homes which

are unfit to receive them. The chil-

dren would not necessarily have any

congenital infirmities, but other

hand, sterilization might rob the world

of an invaluable genius. Napoleon was an

epileptic. Many authorities will disagree

with me, but many also will agree."

Mandel Brothers

Hat department, fifth floor

Paris-sponsored are these
200 "Boardwalk Felt" Hats
ready to trim

In great demand are the "Boardwalk felts"; the shapes include the "baby poke," mushrooms with elongated sides, and many small brimmed models.



Almond green, old \$5
rose, old blue, 5 nut brown, gray,
sand, and black

The newest and smartest trimmings are easily applied—bandanna scarfs, fabrics in vari-colored drapes; fruit and flowers. Two styles are sketched.

5th floor.

Winter hats greatly reduced
to \$1—\$3—\$5—\$7.50

All winter chapeaux from the French rooms and sports millinery department, are reduced radically to insure immediate clearance.

Mandel Brothers, 5th floor.

Held in Gem Theft



FRANK B. CARMAN.
(Pacific and Atlantic Photo.)

New York, Jan. 5.—[Special]—A process server tonight served a subpoena upon C. F. Hugo Schellkopf of Buffalo, requiring his presence in court on Monday morning.

Mrs. Schellkopf was expected to appear today as a witness against

Frank Barrett Carman, dancer, who

stands accused of having acted in

concert with three men who robbed

the wife of the Buffalo millionaires of

\$50,000 in gems following a new

Year's end party. Mrs. Schellkopf ex-

pressed surprise at the subpoena.

"Testify against poor Frank?" he

she exclaimed. "How absurd. He has

nothing to do with the robbery. He is

one of the finest chaps in the world.

But, of course, I must appear and tell

what I know."

RAIL EMPLOYES INCORPORATE IN NEW LABOR MOVE

Output Made Basis of Their Pay.

A labor corporation, said to be the first organization of its kind, is now being operated in the locomotive shops of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis railway at Beech Grove, Ind., according to an article which will appear today in the Railway Review.

The organization, formed by a group of former labor union members and incorporated, not for profit, under the name of the Associated Employees of Beech Grove, Inc., is unique among labor organizations in the United States in that it makes the unit of output instead of the unit of time the basis for compensation.

Earn More Money.

Instead of unitizing the unit's output per man, the primary idea of the new organization is to increase the daily output of individuals and thus increase their earning power.

According to the railway paper, op-

eration of the new plan has increased

shop production about 25 per cent in

the first month, using a smaller work force, the same management, and the same advisory staff, while wages of employees have been increased above the scale authorized by the railroad labor board and production costs have been reduced.

Work Under Subcontracts.

Under the new plan operations are carried on as far as possible under the unit system, but in order to maintain a system of group bargaining, the unit of output instead of the unit of time being the basis of compensation. The unit schedules for various kinds of work are subject to mutual agreement between the employers and the employees.

The new plan was adopted after a long series of labor disputes at the shops which finally resulted in the shop work being contracted out by the railroad. Instead of the 186 regulations formulated by the railroad labor board governing shopcraft work, the corporation has substituted twelve rules.

Miss Nora Bayes Adopts a Three Year Old Child

New York, Jan. 5.—[Special]—Nora Bayes, musical comedy star, who, although married four times, was never blessed with motherhood, today adopted a 3 year girl baby.

Fourth floor, State.

FORD'S "SHOALS" OFFER FLAYED AS NEW KIND OF PORK

Fertilizer Is Only a Bait, Clubwomen Told.

Says Extra Power Is His Object.

Engineers do not agree as to the

power possibilities at Muscle Shoals.

The Ford offer proposes an installation for \$50,000 horse power plus the

100,000 steam power already there.

It is not known whether the

100,000 horse power, however,

is to be used for power

or for pumping.

Conservationists such as Roosevelt

and Pinchot worked for years to have

the government pass a water power

control bill. They succeeded. The

Senate bill, however, is not the same.

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TODAY IS LUCKY FOR THE BRIDE.

This is read as a fortunate day by those who see human destinies in the stars. Mercury and Venus rule in benevolent aspect. Lucky is the bride who plights her troth today, for she is assured of prosperity and higher position as the years advance. It should be a favorable direction of the stars for the bridegroom who is in a troubousome career with family anxieties. It is forecast for those whose birthdate this is. Those in employ should be careful.

Children born on this day will likely prove musical, poetical, and possess an uneven disposition, and not make great successes in life.

The birth characteristics, according to astrology, are a stubbornness which is quite hindering at times. You have a fondness for giving others advice and taking none yourself. You attach mystery to your designs and movements, which is disconcerting. You are capable of being a good friend, but unreliable. You want to be carried to the skies on flower beds of ease. You have it in you to overcome these downward tendencies, and with your naturally keen discerning mind you know that is not the way to get happiness or success out of life.

Wait a While.

Dear Miss Blake: I am 17 and in love with a young man three years my senior. I have been going out with him for above two months, and he has never told me his name. I have refused all other invitations and accepted his. Will you please advise me what to do? MARTHA.

Martha, dear, you should have signed yourself "Anxious," maybe "Too Anxious," which is my opinion of a young girl of 17 who requires words of love after but a few months' acquaintance. It takes some young men years to find out if they love a girl well enough to tell her so.

Summer Ermine Lingers in Lap of Winter.



Bright Sayings of the Children

"You make awful grades in arithmetic," I said to my nephew. "Don't



The Tribune will pay \$1 for each childlike saying printed. The story told must never have been printed in any magazine or paper. It is not possible to advise or receive unprintable contributions, or those which are unprintable on one side of the paper. Address Bright Sayings to Auntie Bee, Tribune, Chicago.

you see my head doesn't run to figures like some kids' heads." C. R.

Billy, overhearing mother and grandmother say that Santa would bring a new suit for Christmas, said, "Christmas is for toys, not for suits." P. S.

David had made plans to go with a friend to a movie, but mother re-

sented. David, seeing it was useless to plead, said with tears in his voice: "I don't care so much for myself, but Jimmy's feel bad will be awful!" M. G. G.

you study your lessons or what is the matter?"

"Yes, I study," he answered, "but

EMBARRASSING MOMENTS

The Tribune will pay \$1 for every letter published in "The Most Embarrassing Moment of My Life." Address Embarrassing Moment, Chicago Tribune. Write on one side of the paper. No name or name returned.

Woman at the Wheel.

I had been driving about a week when I was told to take the car down to a service station to have some repairs made on it. It was a busy afternoon and the place was crowded. Driving in, I got nervous, forgot what to do, and instead of slowing down went to a loud crash, and stopped with every one in the place looking at me. To add to my confusion, I just missed hitting a man. I escaped as soon as possible, leaving the car for further repairs.

One of the old time ways of making

Tribune Cook Book

BY JANE EDDINGTON, Brown Bread Service.

A well baked brown bread can be cut in inconceivably thin slices, more particularly when it is baked in molds of small diameter, and especially after it is a day old, but sometimes when it is hot. That of all cornmeal with fruit may be cut in such slices, since they do not add a toughness to the crust that only yields to the sharpest of knives.

Little thin slices of brown bread when buttered, halved, or quartered may constitute part of the desirable bread and sandwich variety for afternoon tea refreshments. These make the best sandwiches, which may be the finest of tea service and most compact of breads, give good results and something to be to those who would pile up the calories in a single small bit.

PATTERNS BY CLOTILDE

GIRL'S DRESS.

A light blue mercerized poplin, with collar and cuffs of white organdie or batiste, would be especially attractive if a small bunch of bright red cherries with green leaves were embroidered at each side of the front and at the center front of the collar.

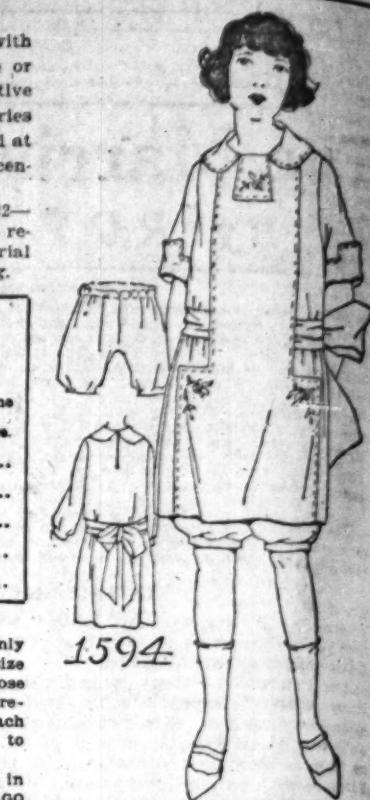
The pattern, 1584—transfer 622—comes in sizes 4 to 14 years. Size 8 requires 3 1/2 yards of 36 inch material with 3/4 yard of 24 inch contrasting.

Order Paper for Clotilde Patterns.

CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE.

Inclosed and addressed to: Please send me the Clotilde patterns listed below. Pattern number. Size. Price.

Name
Street
City
State



1594

How to Order Clotilde Patterns.

Write your name and address plainly on dotted lines, giving number and size of such patterns as you want. Inclose 10 cents in stamp or coin (coin preferred) for each number, and address your order to Clotilde, CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE.

Note—Clotilde patterns are made in NEW YORK exclusively for THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE.

A FRIEND IN NEED

BY SALLY JOY BROWN.

Gift of Music.

"I have 100 piano player rolls which I will gladly give to some one who would like them, providing the says express same to my sister. Please, Miss Brown, try to get a buggy. I am the oldest of six children; I am 12 years old. My father is working but his wages are not high."

We Hope So.

I have heard that you help many. I wonder if you could help me. My sis-

ter is 7 years old and is sick in bed. She got a doll from Santa Claus but he failed to bring her a doll buggy. Miss Brown, will you please see if you can get a doll buggy about 25 inches long. It would be a wonder of wonders to my sister. Please, Miss Brown, try to get a buggy. I am the oldest of six children; I am 12 years old. My father is working but his wages are not high."

I feel certain we will get an offer of a doll buggy for your little sister, and you shall hear from us, Ida, as soon as we do.

MOTION PICTURE DIRECTORY



DOWNTOWN

DOWNTOWN

BALABAN & KATZ CHICAGO
LAKE STATE ST. RANDOLPH
The Wonder Theatre of the World
GALA NEW YEAR'S PROGRAM
THE DAILY NEWS \$10,000 PRIZE STORY
"BROKEN CHAINS"
With COLLEEN MOORE, MALCOLM MCGREGOR
COMEDY EXTRAS
BUSTER KEATON in "THE ELECTRIC HOUSE"
Sunday Noon—11:45 A. M. to 12:45
Popular Symphony Concert—All-American Program

STARTING MONDAY

JOY WEEK

Happy Laughter—Happy Thrill—Happy Romance

WHICH DO YOU PREFER?

Grand Opera or Old Time Melodies?

Meet the golden-voiced singers in your favorite operatic selections. Hear the talented singers of the theater in favorite old-time melodies.

A Contest in Contrasts

5—JOYOUS NUMBERS 5

JESSE CRAWFORD

Introducing each number in a novel way on the Chicago Theatre Grand Organ

A LOVE COMEDY, A DRAMA, A MUSICAL COMEDY ACTION

"SURE FIRE FLINT"

With DORIS KENTON, JOHNNY HINES, ROBERT EDESON, EDMUND GATES, ROBERT LEE, ROBERT SHANNON

Get Your Full Measure of Joy—See This Performance

by Connie Lowe

NEW YORK—(Special Correspondence)—When ermine gets all brown and sunburned they call it summer ermine. Just at present this blonde sister of the blonde Ermine family is having a tremendous vogue, and they use it on any number of afternoon frocks and coats. Also, it is a fashion sensation for the omnipresent short coat.

The charming frock of brown chiffon velvet illustrated is trimmed across both front and back of its neck line with a band of summer ermine. Two narrow straps of matching velvet do duty over the shoulders and start on their expansive career sleeves of beige georgette, emblazoned in bands of yellow, red and brown. The ornate belt of brown suede is cinched by a red enamel buckle and inset with diamond shaped pieces of alternate red and yellow. Cuffs of the velvet terminate sleeves which proclaim the style of deep armholes.

With regard to the suede belt, it must not be forgotten that suede and kid and leather are trimming many models of the most elaborate character.

Sunday fashion page will be found in the New Color Section.

BEAUTY ANSWERS

BY ANTOINETTE DONNELLY

W. R. W.: THE WRONG KIND OF food will spoil a complexion in no time. Eat less starchy foods, white breads, greasy meats, pastries, etc. Eat more vegetables, fruits, and beans bread. Chew food slowly. Swallowing it in chunks gives rise to digestive troubles, and they turn to contribute to a poor complexion. Better let me have a stamped, addressed envelope for further information I have on care of the complexion.

At night touch spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment. Take a bath with a few drops of Cuticura Soap, and not water. Rinse with tepid water. Keep your scalp clean and healthy and your hair will be luxuriant.

Sample Pack Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 140, Madison 44, Mass." Sold only by Druggists.

Cuticura Soap shaves without nus-



NEW Continuous Daily from 11 A. M.

McVITTERS

Madison at State

Last Times Today and Sunday

THOMAS MEIGHAN in GENEADES' Latest Paramount Picture

"BACK HOME AND BROKE"

Symphony Orchestra—Stage Specialties

BEGINNING MONDAY

Return to the Screen of the Famous Stage Screen Star

ELSIE FERGUSON

"OUTCAST"

Also BULL MONTANA in ORCHESTRAL and STAGE NOVELTIES

"A Fainted Prince"

921 BELMONT AVE., MATINEE DAILY

MONROE & DEARHORN

ROSE INGRAM'S "TRIFLING WOMEN"

Also HAROLD LLOYD—"MR. JAZZ"

NORTH

JULIAN WESLEY BARRY "RAGS TO RICHES"

PANORAMA 717 SHERIDAN ROAD DOORS OPEN 1:30 P. M.

WESLEY BARRY "SHADOWS"

From Wilbur Daniel Steele's "CHING CHING CHINAMAN"

STATE-LAKE 10TH & DEARHORN CIRCUIT VAUDEVILLE: EXCLUSIVE PHOTOPLAYS "BROTHERS UNDER THE SKIN"

With Helen Chadwick, Clark Winslow, MacB. Busch, Pat O'Malley and Norman Kerr

At 11:30 A. M. & 2:30, 4:30, 7:30 and 10:30 P. M.

ROSE MADISON AT DEARHORN

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Miss Faurot Departs Today for Shanghai for Her Marriage
Mr. and Mrs. Harry Faurot, Miss Julia Belle Faurot, and George Faurot of Riverdale will depart today for China. Miss Faurot's marriage to Gustav Bard Te'eo of Shanghai will take place Feb. 7 in the Holy Name Episcopal cathedral at Shanghai. Following the ceremony, the bride and groom will be at the residence of Mrs. John Liddell, at the residence of Mrs. John Liddell, whose Miss Faurot was visiting last year when she met her future husband. Mr. Harold Reynell of Shanghai will be Miss Faurot's matron of honor, and Mrs. Robert Bremmer and Miss Rosalind Liddell, both of Shanghai, will be bridesmaids. George Faurot will act as Master of Ceremonies. The couple will be residents of Shanghai. After the marriage of their daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Faurot and their son will continue on around the world, arriving home in June.

The Junior League Theater for Children will give "The Wizard of Oz" at the Playhouse this morning at 10:30 o'clock, and at the same time another group of the amateur actresses will present "Little Women" on the third floor of Field's.

Miss Harriet May, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John E. May of 54 East Division street, will make her debut this afternoon at a tea-dance from 4 to 7 o'clock at the Casino. Assisting will be Mrs. Potter Smith, Miss Marjorie King, Miss Nancy Newell, Miss Mary Meeker, Miss Louise Mitchell, Miss Barbara Dunham, Miss Elizabeth Smith, Miss Betty Pfeiffer, Miss Virginia Taylor, Miss Frances Robinson, Miss Helen Bend, Miss Anne Schutte, Miss Ruth Channon, Miss Katherine Prest, Miss Alice de Windt, Miss Josephine Hoyt, Miss Katherine Mordock, Miss Betty Copeland, Miss Frances Wood, and Miss Margaret Mercer.

years old and is sick in bed, a doll from Santa Claus, but to bring her a doll buggy, if you will give an offer buggy for your little sister, shall hear from us, Ida, as we do.

IDA.

certain we will get an offer

buggy for your little sister,

shall hear from us, Ida, as we do.

IDA.

TRADE CURRENT FLOWS STRONG; BIG MOTOR YEAR

BY O. A. MATHER.

Every recurring European crisis inspires fears as to possible adverse effects on America's prosperity. Such misgivings have been freely voiced this week; therefore, it is not amiss to re-cite a few of the constructive items of a day.

The evidence of yesterday indicates that the current of American trade is strong. The latest run of new orders that marked the climax of the "holiday trade" might be expected to be followed by a let-down. So it is somewhat surprising to find the mercantile reviews reporting that the year-end tendencies have not only been changed, but in some quarters the gains have been far exceeded. There is a "new disposition to anticipate future requirements," and that trade is turning confidently to "what promises to be at least a normally active winter season."

Bright Outlook for Motor Industry.

The automotive industry has an excellent outlook. This country now has 115,000,000 motor vehicles or more than 80 per cent of all motor cars in the world, according to the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce. Exports alone this year will total 1,800,000 cars. Last year's production was 1,527,000 units, valued at \$1,553,567,000, compared with 1,785,500 units, valued at \$1,260,000,000, in 1921.

Another item, American shipyards on Dec. 1, were building or had built for 4,200 ships for private owners, compared with 197 vessels on Nov. 1, although gross tonnage on Nov. 1 was 287,772 tons, compared with 257,233 tons on Dec. 1.

The railroads are overcoming transportation difficulties. On Dec. 23 the supply of cars was only 91,000, but by Dec. 26, 1922, had risen to 101,000, though gross tonnage on Nov. 1 was 287,772 tons, compared with 257,233 tons on Dec. 1.

The railroads are overcoming no demand.

Plains Halted Expenditures.

Indications of record expenditures by the railroads for new equipment and improvements during this year are pointed out by Railway Age. Twenty-seven roads, representing 40 per cent of the country's trackage, plan to spend more than \$100,000,000, and have been told it is estimated that all the roads will spend around \$500,000,000, which would exceed expenditures in any year in the last decade, with the exception of 1917.

The following budgets for 1922 were cited: New York Central, \$29,000,000, in addition to \$45,000,000 in contracts for new equipment; Pennsylvania system, \$26,000,000; New Haven, \$20,000,000; Louisville and Nashville, \$27,000,000; Norfolk and Western, \$22,000,000; Union Pacific, \$20,000,000; Baltimore and Ohio, \$18,000,000; Rock Island, \$15,000,000; Central of New Jersey, \$5,700,000; Denver and Rio Grande Western, \$10,000,000; Denver and Salt Lake, \$7,000,000; Florida East Coast, \$2,000,000; Great Northern, \$3,300,000; Panhandle, \$4,772,000; St. Louis Southwestern, \$4,250,000; Western Pacific, \$7,500,000.

Community Prices Irregular.

The trend of commodity prices remains irregular. Increases averaging about 10 per cent are shown in the new semi-annual catalog being sent out by Sears, Roebuck & Co., the Chicago mail order house, to 6,000,000 customers. The advance is ascribed to the upward tendency in wholesale prices and labor rates.

Sales of commodity improvement and collections are better, indicating the greater ability and disposition of the farmer to purchase goods.

The Willys-Overland company announced price reductions on several models of passenger automobiles. The Standard Oil Company of California reduced gasoline prices. Prices of some grades of American rubber and tire companies were advanced. The Goodyear Tire and Rubber company advanced tire prices 5 to 10 per cent. The Wheeling Steel Products company advanced black and galvanized pipe prices by \$2 a ton.

Estimates 1923 probably will show an increase of about \$400,000,000 over 1922.

Dr. Julius Klein, director of the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, reported yesterday on the basis of computations for the first half of the year. The value of exports for 1922, he estimated, would be around \$700,000,000 below the exports of 1921.

On the basis of these statistics, Dr. Klein estimated that the year's favorable trade balance would be reduced from \$3,000,000,000 in 1921 to \$100,000,000 in 1922. The foreign sector said that from the tendencies shown in last year's foreign trade, he believed the American trade balance hereafter would be more in harmony with the country's international economic position.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED

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GRAIN MARKETS SWING ADVANCE AS SHORTS COVER

BY CHARLES MICHAELS.

Grain prices were lowest early, with May wheat at a new low on the present downturn, but on the break there was an excellent class of buying which absorbed the surplus in the pits, and general short covering later brought about a sharp up turn. The latter was not fully maintained, but the finish was at gains of 3 1/2¢ on wheat, 3 1/2¢ on corn, 4 1/2¢ on oats, and 3 1/2¢ on rye.

Foreigners sold May wheat at the start and with scattered liquidations followed a decline to \$1.175, but at \$1.15 and under there was free buying by strong consumers houses and by some of the local professionals who were good sellers of late and the decline was quickly checked. Oats were rather light on the way up, with the majority of the pit shorts coming in on their lines and some took the bull side. On the extremes, huge pressure increased and the finish was on a reaction.

Germany Buys Wheat.

Germany was in the market for hard winters and Manitobas and was buying in all positions. Messages from outside pits indicated a better cash demand and a much less bearish feeling than has prevailed of late. Country offerings were not large and little shorting stocks in the northwest have been reduced 35¢ to 50¢ per cent in a month.

Corn showed independent strength, with start and with easing fractions upward and at the top showed 10 1/2¢ over the early 15. Country offerings remain extremely light and the west again reported a good feed demand. On the other hand, export demand was less active and offerings to the seaboard were reduced 3¢, while in the export market No. 2 grades were 4 1/2¢ higher, as compared with May at the last.

Domestic demand for cash oats showed no sign of falling off, but as has been the case for some time past, the action of corn was the main influence. Deliveries on January contracts were 600 bu.

Rye Sold Abroad.

Scattered liquidation was on in rye, but buying for seaboard and northern markets absorbed the offerings and was strongly followed. Germany took 1,000,000 bu rye on overnight offers, and further business was checked by an advance in the cash price. The two northwesterners had 123 cars. Provisions were early with hogs and on scattered selling, moved up after with corn and on the retirement in the European political situation, last week unchanged to 18 higher and rye to lower. Deliveries on January contracts were 200,000 bu's last. Prices follow:

Lard.

Another decline was recorded in yesterday's cattle market with values mostly 2¢ lower than Wednesday. A few head of 1,140 lb. steers reached \$1.50 with \$1.00 for car load lots. Veal calves closed 2¢/2¢ lower than the previous session.

A liberal supply of sheep yesterday satisfied the present demand for mutton, although values had up surprisingly well. Very few sales reflected a fair count, with offerings meeting outlet for mid-season. Yearlings were also plentiful, selling at unchanged prices. Medium and weighty steers 10¢/12¢, lambs brought \$1.00/12.00.

Receipts at Chicago for today are expected to be 1,000 cattle, 11,000 hogs and 2,500 sheep, against 227 cattle, 5,187 hogs and 2,104 sheep, the corresponding Saturday.

Hog Price.

Hogs were steady with 10¢/12¢, but cashed up rapidly with corn and on the retirement in the European political situation, last week unchanged to 18 higher and rye to lower. Deliveries on January contracts were 200,000 bu's last. Prices follow:

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Hogs were steady with 10¢/12¢, but cashed up rapidly with corn and on the retirement in the European political situation, last week unchanged to 18 higher and rye to lower. Deliveries on January contracts were 200,000 bu's last. Prices follow:

Lard.

Another decline was recorded in yesterday's cattle market with values mostly 2¢ lower than Wednesday. A few head of 1,140 lb. steers reached \$1.50 with \$1.00 for car load lots. Veal calves closed 2¢/2¢ lower than the previous session.

A liberal supply of sheep yesterday satisfied the present demand for mutton, although values had up surprisingly well. Very few sales reflected a fair count, with offerings meeting outlet for mid-season. Yearlings were also plentiful, selling at unchanged prices. Medium and weighty steers 10¢/12¢, lambs brought \$1.00/12.00.

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WANTED-MALE HELP.
Professions and Trades.
Boilermakers, Machinists.
Permanent jobs; attractive
and opportunity to
as much overtime as
modern shops; good
working conditions; free
and transportation.
LY 345 S. CLARK-ST.

BRICKLAYERS
and Endev's steady work all
the year round. Construction Co.
YERS-Long St. 7535 St. Paul's
Furniture Co., 7535 St. Paul's
YERS-AT DIVISION AND
Fiberg-Peter Co.
ON BRASS PLATES, APPLIES IL-
ATING PRODUCTS CO., INC.

PHOTO RETOUCHER, ONE WHO
has permanent position with
a writer, giving him a chance
to write, salary and ample re-
lax time. Ohio.

Cabinet Makers.

1. steady work. Apply Supt. of

SON DUNN AND STEPHEN, MAN-
OF morning daily in city of Chicago
and 100 miles away. Supt. experience
and references. Address C P 322.

CIGAR ARTIST-ILLUSTRATOR PA-
INTS with color; also designs and
makes and applies. N. Scarfone.

1. DETAILED ESTIMATOR OR
GRADUATE PREFERRED; 30
years experience; opportunity
to make good. Apply to
Supt. of Estimating, 1000 N. Clark.

CUTTER-EXPERIENCED. EAGLE
CO. 200 S. Wabash-av.

AND MARKER-FOR SMALL BUT
can make good and trim
work for young designer
or operator. Write stating
details. Address 1000 N. Clark.

LINER FEEDERS
1st class. Apply

B. CONKEY CO.,
Hammond, Indiana.

DER PRESS FEEDERS
work. Apply REINSTEINER

AND CUTTER-HIGH CLASS
work for shop; good opportunity.
good pay. Address C P 322. Ind.

EN-ESPECIALLY ELECTRICAL
work. Write stating experience
and wants. Write stating experience
and wants. Write stating experience
and wants. Address 1000 N. Clark.

DRAFTSMAN,
1000 N. Clark. Address 1000 N. Clark.

THE LINES OF CATERERS KITCHEN
700 N. Clark. 540 to 560. Ind.

428, Tribune.

MECHANICAL ADDRESS

RE-GOOD. IN LAUNDRY. 128

428, Tribune.

428, 500 to 575 PER WEEK FOR
steel ring and pins die; also brass
pins and pins die. Address 1000 N. Clark.

BADGER CO. 3419 W. Division-
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RAILROAD

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APPLY ROOM 935,

W. VAN BUREN-ST.

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1000 N. Clark.

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BY

M. K. & T. RY,

MACHINISTS,

BOILERMAKERS,

BLACKSMITHS.

FREE TRANSPORTATION.

APPLY TO

MASTER MECHANIC PARSONS, KANSAS.

1000 N. Clark.

MAN-**FOR HAND**
Boilers; steady work.
D H 438, Tribune.

EXPERIENCED LOCOMOTIVE AND
RAILROAD CO., 111-14-4.

LICENSES: NIGHTS. \$4.50 PER
night. Address 1000 N. Clark.

ST CLASS ERECTING
HOP MACHINISTS,

ing railroad ex-
and desiring full
work, will apply at

ROOM 1000,
W. JACKSON-BLVD.

1000 N. Clark.

CLASS MECHANIC
TAKE CHARGE OF
ICE DEPARTMENT OF
NORTH SIDE BRANCH.

LES LANGE & BROS.

QUICK DISTRIBUTORS,

N. CLARK-ST.

RACELAND 2810.

RUG WEAVERS-EXPERIENCED
steady work all year around.
1000 N. Clark.

CO. 1000 N. Clark.

Cleveland, O.

WORD MECHANICS.

call permanent positions for &
experienced men; good executive
position. Address 1000 N. Clark.

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MA-**FOR** 20 years; good
experience. Address 1000 N. Clark.

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LOST AND FOUND.

BEADS—LOST—VIC WILSON AV. THURS. Edward Edge Sales & Co.

BILLFOLD—LOST—LEATHER. DARK brown, worn around 67th and State. Price, \$1.50. Name, John F. Miller, 1676. Evans Park, Chicago. Reward, \$100.

CAT—LOST—WHITE MALE. RETURN 6224 Brookes-av. Reward.

CALEDONIAN—ANTIQUE—LOST or found. From 942, Anderson-st., much personal heirloom; generous reward for information. Name and address asked. Address D C 140, Tribune.

DOG—LOST—\$50 REWARD. MALE, Airedale, 6 months old. Name, Eddie, and Chapel-av., add. to name Buffalo; no address.

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DOG—LOST—AIREDALE. LONG HAIR, BLK. New color: name, Eddie. Reward, C. B. Goss, Midway 7444.

DOGS—LOST—CHICAGO POLICE DOG. FROM our residence, 1232 E. 56th-st., about 6 to 7 yrs. old. Reward, \$100. Reward, 2000, 1232 E. 56th-st., to whom, to 700 N. Dearborn.

DOG—LOST—BOSTON TERRIER. PUPPY. Lost, West night, Jan. 3. Reward, C. L. Lyon, 1232 E. 56th-st.

DOG—LOST—WHITE. FEMALE SPITZ PUPPY. 6 months old; name, Spitzer. Reward, \$50. Reward, 1232 E. 56th-st.

DOG—LOST—BRINDLE WHITE DOG. TERRIER, near Oregon and Jackson-bv.; Harry, 1232 E. 56th-st.

DOG—LOST—SABLE COLORED, PEKINENS. \$4 reward and no questions asked for return. Reward, 1232 E. 56th-st.

DOG—LOST—BLACK AND WHITE. DOG. 25 lbs. Reward, 1232 E. 56th-st.

DOG—LOST—WHITE. PUPPY. 12 lbs. Reward, Dearborn 6711.

HANDAG—LOST—CONTAINS VALUABLE JEWELRY. Reward, 1232 E. 56th-st.

KEYS—LOST—PHONE. GRACELAND 0331.

MESH—GAG—LOST—GOLD, KEYS, TIRES, BELTS and CORNELS on Sheridan, Grace and Dearborn.

PAISLEY BLOUSE—LOST—G. & N. W. Grant. Reward, \$100. Reward, 1232 E. 56th-st.

PAISLEY BLOUSE—LOST—WEDNESDAY.

string of medium sized pearls. Reward, \$100. Reward, 1232 E. 56th-st.

PAISLEY BLOUSE—LOST—WEDNESDAY.

PA

